THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1873 | VOLUME V--NUMBER 206

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

ATLANTA, MARCH 22, 1873.

LOCAL NOTICE.

KENTUCKY LIBRARY DRAWING.—A letter was received from Governor Bramlette, of Louisville, Ky., to-day, stating that the Library Drawing would certainly take place 8th April; that there would be no postponement. Now is the time to buy.

Georgia Medical Association.

I desire to say to the regular medical profession of Georgia that the Committee of Arrangements, under the direction of the profession here, and by their liberality and that of the citizens of this city, are preparing a reception upon a scale proportioned to the entertainment of not only every member of the Georgia Medical Association, but of every regular medical man in the State. We want a large and full representation from every section, and the inauguration of a new era in the history of the body, which will soon put it upon as high a footing, as a scientific body, as any other medical organization in the land.

J. F. ALEXANDER, M. D.,
Chairman Committee of Arrangements.
Atlanta, Ga., March 21, 1873.

Summary of State News.

MACON.

Dr. J. A. Jones, in a letter written from Brown Hotel, 19th, takes leave of his patrons and friends in Macon.——There are now half a dozen deer in Central City Park.

GRIFFIN.

The demand for guano has never been as heavy as the present season. The dealers have been unable to keep a supply of the standard brands.——Colonel Doyal has been confined at home from sickness for several days.—*News.*

BARNESVILLE.

The Lodge of the Patrons of Husbandry in Barnesville is in a flourishing condition. —Mr. J. B. Gardner, of Barnesville, had one of his hands injured by the explosion of a gun a few days ago.—*Gazette.*

A daughter of Wm. Howe, of Milner, has been attacked with meningitis.——Building after building goes up and Barnesville is a live city.—*Patriot.*

JONESBORO.

Mr. M. B. Devaughn has almost completed his large brick hotel in Jonesboro.——A Temperance Band has been organized in Jonesboro.——The dwelling house together with its contents, of Mr. James McLoroy, (near Jonesboro,) was consumed by fire on the night of the 18th inst.—*Citizen.*

DALTON.

Mrs. Cappes, of Dalton, accidentally fell into a well on Monday night, about 2 o'clock. She is supposed to have been in a somnambulic state at the time. No bones broken from the fall, only a few painful bruises and scratches.——On Monday night the store of Messrs Tibbs & Maddox, of Dalton, was entered and three valuable watches were taken, what else is not known.——The contract for building the Male College, in Dalton, has been awarded Mr. D. G. Oxford, at the sum of $8,600.—*North Georgia Citizen.*

THOMASVILLE.

In our notice last week of the handsome silver service presented by Rev. A. W. Clisby and lady, we accidentally recorded it as a present to the Episcopal Church. Of course we should have said Presbyterian Church.——The farmers are so busy planting that business in the city languishes and the streets look dull.—*Southern Enterprise.*

DAWSON.

Indications are that more goods are being sold on time than ever before. If a man will deed away his plantation, stock, wife and children he can get trusted until November for a little bacon.——We are glad to report that the spread of small-pox seems to be entirely stayed, and the patients still improving. Miss Alice Farnum, of this county, who was first attacked with small-pox, having fully recovered before any other case developed, instead of folding her hands in idleness, has been a constant watcher at the couch of every sufferer with this loathsome disease.—*Dawson Journal.*

AUGUSTA.

The Guano war has been resumed in Augusta.——The contract for preparing and erecting the Cenotaph to the Confederate dead of St. James Sunday school, and of Richmond county, has been awarded Mr. Markwater. The monument will be erected on Green street, opposite St. James' Methodist Church, and will be about thirty feet in height. The shaft will be of Italian marble, and the base of Stone Mountain granite.——A monument is contemplated in Augusta to the memory of Mr. Thomas Snowden, by all those who were once his scholars.——The General Conference of the Colored Methodist Episcopal Church of America, met in Augusta on Wednesday, Bishop W. H. Miles, of Kentucky, presiding, J. W. Bell, Secretary. Rt. Rev. Bishop George F. Pierce, of the M. E. Church, South, and Revs. J. E. Evans, C. W. Key, Dr. Hicks and Thos. Seals, of North Georgia Conference, and Rev. Dr. Robey, of the Mississippi Conference, were introduced by the Bishop. Bishop Miles is apparently, a colored man of considerable ability and presides with dignity.—*Constitutionalist.*

The business of the Port Royal Railroad promises to be developed far beyond the anticipations of some of our old fogy prophets. We understand that no less than one thousand tons of freight have been engaged for shipment from Charleston to Augusta over this road, and ninety tons from Savannah—the latter to be shipped direct to Atlanta. ——The earnings in January of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad were $89,518 89 gross, and $58,505 12 net.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

SAVANNAH.

The lumber manufacturers and shippers who met in Savannah have organized an association. O. G. Parsley, of Wilmington, President; First Vice President, T. L. Kinsey, of Savannah; Second Vice President, P. Moody, of Jacksonville; Secretary, W. A. Fuller, of Brunswick; Treasurer, M. B. Miller, of Savannah. Next meeting to be held in Savannah May 6th.—*Republican.*

RINGGOLD.

Within the past six years our county officials have paid up old debts to the amount of about $7,000; have made repairs on our excellent court house to the amount of $3,000; built four bridges at a cost of $1,200, and built a jail at a cost of $2,800. The county now owes about $500.—*Catoosa Courier.*

VALDOSTA.

Several new brick buildings will be under way of construction in Valdosta soon.——Work has been resumed on the court house. —There is not a habitual drinker in Valdosta.—*South Georgia Times.*

ALBANY.

The woods and swamps are radiant with wild spring flowers.——Two fine mules, valued at about three hundred dollars, belonging to Mr. Jesse Walters, of this county, were horribly burned on Wednesday. They were caught in the flames of a burning field.—*Central City.*

GAINESVILLE.

Real estate within the corporate limits of our city, has advanced 50 per cent. within the past six months.——The election on Saturday, authorizing the City Council to appropriate $10,000 for the purpose of a school building, was carried by an overwhelming majority.—*Eagle.*

The rotund maiden of the period, dressed in the fashionable low-necked party dress, looks like an oyster on the half-shell—pale, pulpy and peaceful.

☞ Mr. Clarkson N. Potter, of New York, returns unsigned his warrant for increased pay, with this struggling rebuke: "I do not feel willing to receive this increased compensation for a service rendered in no expectation of it, and I therefore return you unsigned the warrant sent me for the same."

A Plea from the Cotton Buyers.

At a meeting of the cotton buyers of Newberry Court House, S. C., held on Thursday, the 13th instant, the following preamble and resolutions of the Rome (Georgia) cotton buyers and producers were unanimously adopted, and the country papers were requested to publish them:

Whereas, In our opinion, there exists in the city of New York a combination of men and capital, whose prime object is to depress and bear down the price of cotton in the future; and, whereas, in our opinion, based on facts which have come under our observation, a large amount of cotton has been bought by the citizens of the States for future delivery, an amount in excess of the remainder of the crop now unsold; and, whereas, in our opinion, the cotton buyers have it in their power by a united and determined effort to advance prices very materially in the next sixty days; therefore,

Resolved, That we earnestly appeal to cotton buyers throughout the country to hold meetings at once in their respective cities, towns and villages, and take such action in the premises as will overthrow and thwart the combination of moneyed men in the city of New York, whose ostensible object is to depress the price of the same.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this meeting that the best way to defeat said combination of capital is an united and combined effort upon the part of the cotton buyers throughout the entire country, with a fixed and unalterable determination, in every contract of purchase during the present cotton season, to demand the actual delivery of the cotton on said contracts.

Resolved, That if it is possible to secure such unanimity of action as is desired upon the part of all the cotton buyers of futures throughout the United States, and an absolute and unconditional demand of the cotton bought, it will effectually defeat said combination and advance the price of the staple.

Resolved, That we earnestly appeal to cotton buyers of futures throughout the entire country to take immediate action in the premises, and adopt such resolutions as in their judgment will defeat said combination, and publish the same for the benefit of all parties interested.

Resolved, That our city papers, and all newspapers friendly to the advancement of the producing interest of the country, and the protection of the same from the corrupt moneyed monopolies of New York, be requested to copy the proceedings of this meeting.

The Cotton Supply Question Considered.

[From the Eufaula Times.]

EUFAULA, ALA., March 15, 1873.

Mr. Editor: The estimate of 3,250,000 bales as a crop having proved to be incorrect, has caused much disappointment.

Why is cotton to-day, March 1, 1873, in a stronger position than at any time since the first of September last? Answer:

1. European mills have less stock than last year, also less than on the first of September, 1872.
2. The visible supply is 1,770 bales less.
3. Receipts in Europe from all countries are less.
4. It is lower than same time last year.
5. Under most favorable crop prospects, cotton advanced last year to 26 to 27 cents.
6. Consumption has increased.

Why is the visible and invisible supply less than last year, while receipts have been heavier?

1. In Europe and the United States the surplus of 1871 was 600,000 to 700,000 bales of American cotton.
2. Receipts from other countries have not reached the usual average this season.

Can you prove to a certainty that the invisible supply is less than it was September 1, 1872?

Yes.

The minimum consumption in Great Britain is estimated at 34,000 bales per week, making per year	1,664,000
On the Continent	834,500
Total	2,498,500
For six months (September 1, 1872 to March 1, 1873	1,249,250
Bales exported	1,608,696
Of this afloat and the visible supply	450,000—1,158,695
So they must have less than September 1, 1872	90,554

What average receipts per week from the first of March to the first of September, 1873, is required to make invisible and visible stock on the first of September, 1873, same as the first of September, 1873, provided receipts from other countries should be on average of last two years? Answer, 39,529 bales per week, as per statement below:

Minimum consumption of Europe	2,498,500
Exported	1,608,696
Required	889,804
Also less in mills than Sept. 1, 1872	245,066
	†1,134,870
United States consumption	1,200,000
In ports Sept. 1, 1872	45,000
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1872	2,715,815
Overland	200,000
Total	2,960,815
Export and stock	2,152,669
Taken by the United States	808,146
Yet required	391,854
To remain in ports	45,000
	*436,854

So, to make the visible and invisible supply September 1, 1873, the same as that of September 1, 1872, it requires for Europe 1,134,870†, and for America 436,854*, making a total of 1,571,724 bales, less 543,973 yet in the United States ports, making 1,027,751 for twenty-six weeks, or 39,529 bales per week.

But how do you know that the invisible supply March 1, 1873, is 245,066 bales less than on March 1, 1872, in Europe? Answer:

One year's consumption (Europe)	2,498,500
One year's export from March 1, 1872, to March 1, 1873	2,253,434
Consequently the consumption has been in excess of export	245,066

This will conform with all statistics.

Ott Trumpley had the surplus on the first of October, 1871, 500,000.

This surplus was consumed by light export in 1871–72.

The consumption from March 1, 1872, to March 1, 1873, was in excess of receipts, 245,066; and at present mills hold 90,554 bales less than on September, 1872.

The above calculations are believed to be correct, and cannot be successfully controverted. The inevitable conclusion is, that prices must soon materially advance, and that there is no just cause for the recent depression in the market.

Respectfully yours, * * *

De Mortuis.

Mr. A. R. Freeman, of Macon, died March 19th.

Mr. W. M. Collier, of Monroe, died on the 15th instant.

Mrs. Louisa Fouche, of Barnesville, died March 13th.

Mr. Joel L. Galt, of Canton, Cherokee county, died on the 18th instant.

Miss Anna McLeod, of Marietta, died on Tuesday last.

Dr. D. H. Tresevant, of Columbia, died on Monday.

Mrs. Susan M. Pollhill, of Montezuma, died a few days ago.

Died near Rome, March 19th, Mrs. Mary Ivey.

In Summerville, March 12th, W. E. Coleman, Esq.

Mrs. M. Shannon, of Newnan, died on Tuesday last.

Briefs.

Modesty to women is like moss to the rose, conceals to charm more.

Fortunes made in no time are like shirts made in no time, it's ten to one if they hang long together.

Man is the law of the world. At the creation he was the principal question, and woman was only a "side issue."

☞ There have been quite a large number of cases tried by women justices of the peace in Wyoming Territory. Out of that whole number, but two cases carried to a higher court, by appeal or in any other manner; and in both of these cases the decision of the female magistrate was sustained, and her judgment confirmed.

A SORROWFUL MEETING.

A Father Finds his Daughter in a House of Shame.

One of the Melancholy Romances of Everyday Life.

[From the Memphis Avalanche.]

The crowd of loungers near the corners of Main and Madison streets yesterday afternoon, about 5 o'clock, were set agog with wonder at a little incident that occurred in their midst. A park phaeton was dashing by when an old man was noticed to lift his hat to its occupants, two of the demi monde, and immediately after to cover his face with his hands and sob violently as if

HIS HEART WAS BREAKING.

An officer standing near asked the man the cause of his grief. He replied that one of the women who had just passed was his daughter, a girl of seventeen years, who had fled from her home in Cincinnati, and, unknown to him, had entered upon a life of shame. His name was L. D. Clephane, and that morning he, by accident, met his daughter in the house where she is now living. The meeting was a brief, bitter one, with tears and recriminations upon both sides. To the request that she should

RETURN HOME WITH HIM

to her mother, his daughter had made a point blank refusal. As she was a minor he ordered the policeman to arrest her, stating that he would proceed directly to Chief Athy's office and await her arrival. A few minutes later the carriage came in view, when the officer stopped it and mounting the seat drove with the women to the office.

THE ERRING GIRL.

Miss Clephane is a brunette, with coal black hair and eyes, the latter large, sparkling and expressive, and when drooping hidden by long silken lashes, full, dimpled cheeks, from which the rose bloom of youth has not as yet all fled, pouting lips and pearl white teeth, all of which, united to a petite yet plump figure, balanced upon feet encased in number one slippers, form a very pretty and attractive person. Yesterday she wore a black silk, elaborately flounced with huge pannier and brown velvet hat of the latest spring style. A heavy gold maltese cross pendant from a jet neck chain, enameled bracelets, and a plain gold ring, worn on the engagement finger, comprised her jewelry.

A LIFE'S STORY.

When informed by the Chief of the cause of her detention, she burst into tears, and vowed that she would never accompany her father home. After crying bitterly for a half hour, she composed herself sufficiently to relate the story of her downfall. She said that her father, several years ago, was worth a large sum of money. About seven or eight years back he invested heavily in some speculations, all of which turned out bad, causing him to lose the greater portion of his fortune. With the loss of his money he commenced drinking, and in a short time squandered what was left. Then she was taken charge of by her grandfather, who cared for her until he died, about three years since. After his death she returned home, which, proving to be anything but her idea of what it should, she soon went out to service.

For two years she worked as a servant at the magnificent pay of one dollar per week. In her sixteenth year she came to this city and again entered service. Shortly after her arrival she formed the acquaintance of a man who, after drugging her to insensibility, accomplished her ruin. A few days after that she applied to a variety manager of this city for a situation. Her fresh, handsome young face and attractive figure readily secured her work at a compensation that to her seemed princely. From that time her steps have been downward, until about one month since, when she applied for and was granted admission to one of the maisons de jole of this city, where she still remains, and in one of its parlors, she that morning met her father. Her description of the interview was similar to that given by Mr. Clephane.

"I CAN'T GO HOME,"

she said, "for I couldn't bear to meet my mother. It would break her heart as my father says it has broken his. If I could I would be a good girl, but I can't now; maybe I can at some future day. God knows I tried to be good, but they wouldn't let me."

The Chief detained the girl for over an hour, but from some reason unknown the grief-stricken parent did not appear. Taking their address, so that Miss Clephane could be found if inquired for, the Chief gave them leave to return home. Last evening an officer was looking for the father, as Chief Athy is desirous of knowing what action he wants taken in the matter.

THAT BABY.

A Mysterious Carriage With a Liveried Driver.

THE WEE SMA' HOURS.

[From the Macon Enterprise.]

Various have been the stories born of curiosity and fancy relative to how that unfortunate little victim of somebody's indiscretion found a lodging place on the sandbank under the bridge. Dame Rumor has been busy with her gossipy tongue, and

SUSPICION

points to anybody who ever had a baby, if we are to believe all other stories.

Thinking, perhaps, those whose duty it is to be up all night in the neighborhood of the scene of the murder, or whatever it was, might have seen something during that night that might furnish a clue, one of our ever-watchful reporters interviewed the

WATCHMAN AT THE BRIDGE

of the Central Railroad. At twelve o'clock watchmen are changed, and the one relieved at that hour on Monday night was Mr. Knowles. He stated to our reporter that while walking to his home he heard the noise of horses' feet and the rumbling of

A CARRIAGE.

He looked and saw a carriage drawn by two handsome bays, driven by a well dressed white man, in regular coach livery, coming from the direction of the Park, going towards Fifth street. With lantern in hand he pursued his way towards home. When the watchman got to Fifth street, he saw

THE CARRIAGE STOP

near the city bridge. Thinking it was a party returning from a ball, as he heard voices of ladies inside, he went in his house. The watchman who relieved Mr. Knowles is Mr. Warren Johnson, and he corroborates the first watchman's statement and says that he heard the carriage

GO IN THE BRIDGE

and when it got half way through it stopped about three minutes, then resumed its journey. The carriage went up the hill in East Macon and was soon.

LOST TO VIEW.

The moon by this time had peeped through her cloud-curtains and was bathing the earth with her pale, yellow light. About a quarter of an hour after the carriage was lost sight of, it returned and went up into the city. Now this

MYSTERIOUS CARRIAGE BUSINESS

caused our friend, the watchman, to think the occupants of the carriage had something to do with consigning to what they thought a watery grave of the body of the little innocent. It certainly

LOOKS SUSPICIOUS

to say the least. They could not have selected a more fitting time for the accomplishment of the deed. They hit upon the time when Hamlet says

"Graveyards yawn,
And Hell itself breathes out contagion to the world."

Another story has been set afloat in which there is not half so much romance as in the foregoing but was a simple and plain case of pitching the baby in the river in a [illegible]

BUSINESS WAY.

We do not credit any of the stories. We are inclined to think there was foul play, but as to how, and who the parties are, it would be a difficult as well as a delicate matter to find out. The guilty one, if there is any guilt, will be punished some time, if not in this world, in another.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

FOSTER EXECUTED!

He Faints on Hearing there is No Hope.

Affecting Scene with his Wife.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The strike on the St. Louis and Kansas Railroad is over.

There has been a fierce run on the Salt Lake City National Bank. All the demands have been met.

McDonald, the alleged Bank of England forger, has resigned to a specific, who has a civil process against him.

McDonald's plunder is in custody.

The Empress of Russia is at Florence en route for Southern Italy for his health.

Gladstone has formally resumed the government.

Disraeli closed with the remark that possibly some of his supporters in the House might be dissatisfied, to which there were loud cries of "No! no!"

NEW YORK.

FOSTER'S EXECUTION.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Foster passed the day quiety and remained during the greater part of the time in his cell. He heard early in the day of the final effort of his counsel to prevent, on legal technicals, the execution to-day and his hopes revived. On receiving the intelligence that the effort had proved vain he became very dejected, hung his head on his breast and desired that no one would speak to him except his wife. He had fainted on hearing the failure of the last effort of recovery.

She returned to her husband and placing her hand in his, and sat by him for hours but spoke but little.

About half-past eight in the evening the final parting between Foster and his wife took place. Both were deeply affected. He kissed her repeatedly, and she clung to him until overcome with emotion, she fainted and was carried away by her brother. The prison officials were deeply affected by the scene.

Rev. Dr. Tyng spent upwards of an hour this afternoon with Foster, who listened earnestly to his exhortations.

Foster was also visited during the day by his brother-in-law, his father and by Father Duranquell, Catholic priest, but refused to undergo the ordeal of parting with his children, whom he has not seen since his arrest. He was executed at 17 minutes past 9 o'clock this morning.

Foster awoke at seven o'clock, partook of a cup of coffee, but eat nothing. He was very pale, and his strength seemed fast failing. He was attended by Rev. Dr. Tyng and Rev. Mr. Schoonemaker, chaplain of Sing Sing. He engaged in devotional exercises till nine o'clock, and at eleven minutes past nine he was led out supported by Sheriff Brennan, and the under Sheriff. Foster walked unfalteringly to the scaffold. His face had a hectic flush when he arrived beneath the scaffold.

Rev. Dr. Tyng, assisted by Rev. Mr. Schoonemaker, read the Fifty-fourth Psalm. As the solemn words were read, in which the Rev. Dr. Tyng besought God to open the eye of mercy unto this, Thy servant, the scene was hushed and impressive in the extreme.

During the reading of the service, Foster stood beneath the scaffold with his head bowed down and his left hand shading his eyes.

Rev Dr. Schoonemaker shook hands with him and said, "Good bless thee, my dear friend."

At seventeen minutes past nine the bolt was drawn and the body rose into the air. The condemned man gave one slight struggle only—so slight as to be almost imperceptible; there was an absence of the usual movement of the shoulders; there was a slight contraction of the lower limbs and a barely perceptible motion of the hands. After hanging five minutes the body was lowered about nine inches, and a minute thereafter about a foot further. Twelve minutes after the bolt had been drawn the pulse had ceased to beat. Foster had died almost without a struggle. It was evident, during the reading of the service, that he was rapidly sinking, and scarcely able to stand. The physicians noticed this, and Rev. Mr. Schoonemaker had just shook hands with Foster and said "good bye. God bless you, my friend," when the fatal bolt was drawn.

After being allowed to hang a little over twenty minutes the body was lowered into the coffin and conveyed into the dead house of the Tombs, from where it will be taken to-day to the residence of Foster's widow. The interment will probably take place on Monday next.

At two minutes before 10 o'clock the crowd of Deputy Sheriffs and others, to the number of one hundred fifty persons, who had gained admission to witness the execution, slowly made their exit from the scene.

DELAWARE.

FATAL WRECK.

LEWES, March 21.—The vessel Jens Latzen, from London for Philadelphia, went ashore in Indian River Inlet. The captain's wife and daughter, the first and second mates, and two seamen were lost.

Alabama News.

The sixth church building in Birmingham, is rapidly approaching completion.

A great number of residences are now being built in Birmingham.

The Alabama Legislature are engaged in discussing the removal of the Capitol to the city of Mobile.

Montgomery is to have a grand floral and horticultural exhibition soon.

The Radical party of Selma, are considerably stirred up on the question of the Mayorality.

Items About Women.

A New Orleans female gambler has retired on her last haul of $30,000.

A destitute widow in Indiana sold her hair to the managers of a religious fair for 25 cents. The money goes to the heathens.

The young ladies in New York society are having their hair bleached gray.

A Mrs. Day, of Springfield, Illinois, lately gave birth to quadruplets. The broken-hearted father says Solomon was quite right when he said we do not know "what a day may bring forth."

Editorial Items.

Greenwood Cemetery has 151,876 permanent residents.

New Jersey boasts its possession of 130 iron mines.

Our lady readers may be interested in learning that the large number of deaths from small-pox has materially increased the supply of false hair.

Tennessee News.

Johnny Thompson is performing in Memphis.

Small-pox still lingers in Brownsville.

A bill has passed its second reading in the Legislature to erect, in East Tennessee, an additional hospital for the insane, providing for an appropriation of $75,000 for the purpose.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Cotton firm; sales 2,242 bales; middling uplands 19¾; Orleans 19¾.

Flour quiet. Wheat quiet. Corn dull—old Western mixed 68½ afloat. Pork quiet and firmly held; new $16 12½a16 25; old $16. Lard steady. Turpentine dull at 57. Rosin dull at $3 45 for strained. Freights quiet; room scarce.

Stocks dull. Gold steady at 15½. Money steady at 1-32a1-16 per cent. Exchange—long 8; short 8½. Governments dull but steady. State bonds quiet.

Arrived—Greece.

LONDON, March 21.—noon.—Consols 92¼a92½. 5s 90½.

PARIS, March 21.—Specie increased half million francs.

LIVERPOOL, March 21.—noon.—Cotton opened quiet and steady; uplands 9¼a9½; Orleans 9 3-8a9 1-2; sales 12,000 bales; for the week 82,000; exports 8,000; speculation 6,000; stock 607,000 bales; American 269,000; receipts 47,000; American 17,000; actual export 5,000.

LATER.—Cotton quiet and steady; speculation and export 2,000; afloat 555,000; American 270,000.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, March 21, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—This morning cold, rather cloudy and disagreeable. The local money market presented no new points of especial interest. Cotton dull at quotations. There was a tolerably fair degree of activity in the provision trade during the morning. The leading dry goods houses did a fair trade, the demand being divided between the selections made by buyers in person, and in filling orders sent by mail. Hardware exhibited a fair degree of life. There was some inquiry in the market for groceries, both staple and fancy descriptions meeting with a fair demand at quotations.

COTTON—We quote dull at 16¼a16½a16¾.

Flour—Fine $6; superfine $7a7 50; extra 8 50a9; double extra 9 50; family 10a10 50; extra family 10 50a10 75; fancy 11 50a12; Kingston Mills, fancy, 12.

B. W. Flour—Handled only in small lots; demand light at $11a12 per bbl.

Corn Meal—85a87.

Wheat—Scarce in market. Red $2 10a2 20; white 2 25a2 35; amber 2 20a2 30.

Corn—Choice white 85, in store, and 84 at depot, on arrival for medium; mixed 83a84.

Oats—But little offering and sales light. Seed yellow white 65a67½; black 65; mixed 62a65; surprise for seed 70a75; demand good; full supply.

Barley—75. No demand except from brewers.

Rye—Stock very light and buyers scarce. Held at 90a$1.

Seed—Clover $7 50a8 per bushel; blue grass 2 50; timothy 5; orchard grass 3 50.

Hogs—Gross to butchers 5½a6; net 8. No demand for packing purposes.

Bacon—S. C. hams 14½; plain 12½a14; S. C. canvassed 15; new smoked, small lots arriving and demand good—shoulders 8½; c. r. sides 10½; clear sides 10 3-4.

Lard—Tierces 9 3-4a10; cans, buckets and kegs 11 1-2a12.

Sugar—Crushed 14 1-2; granulated and powdered 14 1-2; Demarra 11 1-2a12 1-2; standard A 13; extra C 12 1-2a12 3 4; yellow C 12; brown 10 1-2a11 1-2.

Salt—Liverpool $2 25a2 30; Virginia $2.

Molasses—Hogsheads 28a30; bbls 32a34; New Orleans syrup 75a80.

Candles—Full weights, stiff, 21 1-2.

Coffee—Java 27a30; Moca 32a35; Rio 20a25.

Tallow 8a8 1-2; beeswax 28.

Butter—Good choice Tennessee very scarce and in good demand [22a25; strictly choice; yellow, sold in small lots, 27a28; medium full supply, 12 1-2a18, nominal; country 15.

Eggs—Stock light. From jobbers hands, 15a17.

Poultry—Chickens 25a30; turkeys, 1 00a1 50; geese 50. Dressed, chickens, 12 1-2a14, turkeys, 16a18.

Hay—Western timothy $1 90a2 00; clover $1 75; mixed, 1 95a2 85; Georgia 1 90a2 00. Supply nearly equal to demand.

Bran—$1 20a1 25, mill prices.

Vegetables—Irish potatoes $4a4 25; western sweet potatoes $1 50a1 60. Seed potatoes—Goodrich $4 75a5 00. Early Rose $5 00; Pinckeye $6 25a6 50.

New Vegetables—Onions $10a15. Celery per bunch 20a25. Cabbage per head 35a60. Carrots per bunch 10a15. Turnips 15a20. Radishes 12a15. Lettuce 8a10. Soup stuff 10a15. Cucumbers 25.

Beans—Mixed $1 50; white $2 00.

Peas—Mixed $1 35a1 40; clay $1 60a1 70; white $1 50a1 75.

Cattle and Sheep—Buying prices, beef cattle, gross, 5a5 1-2; net 9a10; good mutton, gross, 5 1-2a6; net 12 1-2.

FILLEY'S FAMOUS

ARE MADE SOLELY BY THE

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Are doing more and BETTER COOKING, DOING IT Quicker and Cheaper, Than any Stove of the same cost.

ARE ALWAYS, LOW-PRICED, RELIABLE, And Operate Perfectly.

Will do your COOKING CHEAP AND EASY, QUICK AND CLEAN.

ALWAYS WARRANTED, AND SOLD BY

L. B. LANGFORD,
mar 2—[illegible] Atlanta, Georgia.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiffs, Henrys, Smith & Townsend, in the following case, to-wit:

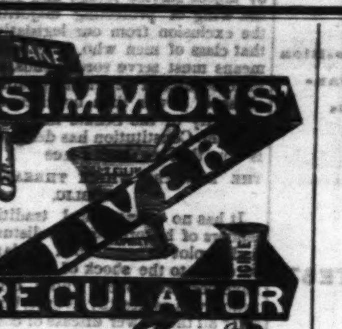
Henrys, Smith & Townsend versus James L. Logan.

I have levied upon, as the property of James L. Logan, one lot of land in the city of Atlanta, fronting [illegible] feet on Houston street, extending back [illegible] feet, at right angles with the front line, bounded east by Stuby's lot, [illegible] being a part of land lot number 51, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton, county, and State of Georgia, being the lot upon which James L. Logan now resides, and will sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in April,

next, between the lawful hours of sale. [illegible]

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
mar1—[illegible] United States Marshal.



For over FORTY YEARS this PURELY VEGETABLE LIVER MEDICINE HAS PROVED TO BE THE GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC for LIVER COMPLAINT and its painful offspring, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heartburn, CHILLS AND FEVER, etc., etc.

After years of careful experiments, to meet a great and urgent demand, we now produce from our original Genuine powders

The Prepared.

a Liquid form of SIMMON'S LIVER REGULATOR, containing all its wonderful and valuable properties, and offer it in

ONE DOLLAR BOTTLES.

The Powders, (price as before,).....$1.00 per package.
Sent by mail.....................1.04

☞CAUTION.☜

Buy no Powders or Prepared Simmon's Liver Regulator unless in our engraved wrapper, with Trade mark, Stamp and Signature unbroken. None other is genuine.

J. H. ZELIN & CO.,
MACON, GA., AND PHILADELPHIA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Notice to Retail Druggists.

HEARD, CRAIG & CO., REDWINE & FOX, HOWARD & POPE, will supply Retail Druggists with

Jackson's Magic Balsam.
mar6—d&wtf

A Mental Workshop.

NORCROSS HIGH-SCHOOL,
Second Quarter begins March 17th, 1873.
One Hundred and Fifteen Students now attending.
A CORPS OF SIX TEACHERS.
TUITION: $1.50 to $5 00 per month.
JAS. U. VINCENT,
mar 11—d&w2w Principal

COTTON STATES
Life Insurance Company
OF
Macon, Georgia.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT AGENCIES,
ATLANTA, GA., March 11th, 1873.

MESSRS. J. GADSDEN KING and J. C. CAMPBELL have been appointed STATE and TRAVELING AGENTS of this Company, for the State of Georgia. As such, they are commended by the officers of the Company to the public.

The undersigned desires to announce, to all interested, that he is prepared to offer, to FIRST-CLASS AGENTS,

LIBERAL TERMS.

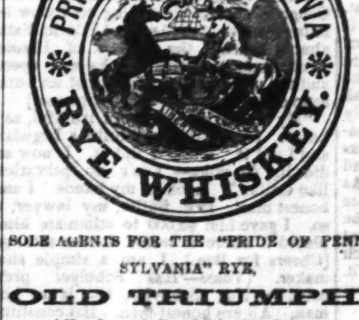
The Company is found, by those who have tried it, to be very easily worked. As a

HOME INSTITUTION

our people are disposed to patronize it.

WM. J. MAGILL,
mar13 deodtw Superintendent Agencies.

GUTHMAN & HAAS,
No. 5, Broad Street,
ATLANTA. GEORGIA,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Pure Wines, Gins, Whiskies, Cider, Etc.,



SOLE AGENTS FOR THE "PRIDE OF PENNSYLVANIA" RYE,

OLD TRIUMPH.

and Van Jansen's Royal Scheidam Schnapps.
oct15-dtf feb2.

Douglass Sheriff Sale.

Georgia, Douglass County.

ON THE FIRST Tuesday in April next will be sold before the court house door, in the county of Douglass, between the usual hours of sale, the following property, viz:

Fifty-nine acres of land—lots Nos. 228 and 227, north half of 2d dist., 5th section of originally Carroll, now Douglass county, to satisfy a distress warrant and c's's in favor of Powers & White, from the Justice's Court for 750th District, Georgia Militia, against D. C. Elliott, levied on as the property of D. C. Elliott.

S. W. BIGGERS, Deputy Sheriff,
feb26 wtds. pf $2 50 per levy.

Douglass Sheriff Sale.

GEORGIA, Douglass County.

ON THE FIRST Tuesday in April next, will be sold before the court-house door, in the county of Douglass, during the usual hours of sale, the following property, viz:

Lot of land No. 130, 5th section, 2d district, east half of said lot, of originally Carroll, now Douglass county, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the Superior Court of said county, in favor of James Roberts vs. G. W. Stanley.

S. W. BIGGERS, Deputy Sheriff.
feb26 wtds. pf $3 50 per levy.

To the Traveling Public.

I WOULD respectfully inform persons wishing transportation

From Duluth, Georgia,

On the Air-Line Railroad, to

Lawrenceville, Cumming, Alpharetta

or any other point of the surrounding country, that I am prepared with good conveyances. Charges moderate. J. A. HOWELL.
feb18—dtf

FOR SALE.

THE ELLIOTT PLACE CALLED "SUMMERLAND," located on the Etowa River, seven miles from Cartersville, Bartow county, and one and a half miles from the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad. Contains fifty acres of best bottom land, more than half cleared. The house is of brick, built in the best manner, two and a half stories, with No. 1 tin roof; contains sixteen rooms, plastered throughout, with marble mantles down stairs, and three pianos. There is also on the place a fine brick smoke-house and necessary outbuildings of wood, fine orchard and flower-garden. Terms easy. Address

DR. W. H. ELLIOTT,
nov28—lawtf Savannah, Ga.

McDowell House,
NEWNAN, GA.,
L. P. Thomas, Proprietor.
april1—tf

JOHNSON HOUSE,
BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,
[illegible]
GEORGIA.

BARTOW HOUSE,
MRS. E. M. STOVALL, PROPRIETRESS,
Cartersville..................Georgia.

THIS House has been furnished and refurnished [illegible]

GUANO. 1873. GUANO.

500 Tons Sea Fowl Guano,
500 Tons Russell Coe's,
500 Tons Merryman & Co.'s,
500 Tons Etiwan's,
500 Tons Sternfel's Original,
500 Tons Cotton States,
200 Tons Mark W. Johnson's,
200 Tons E. Frank Coe's,
200 Tons Wilson's,
100 Tons Meat and Bone Guano,
200 Tons English Stonewall,
200 Tons Sardy's Soluble Pacific,
200 Tons Ammoniated Flour of Rawbone, very fine.
200 Tons Peruvian Guano, Land Plaster, and Chemicals for Manipulating.
100 Tons Soluble Sea Island

ALSO, 1,000 PLOWS, from $3 50 upward. Farmers must have good Plows

Landreth's Garden Seeds.

Field Seeds, Flower Seeds, Agricultural Implements, Machinery, Live Stock, etc.

PROVISIONS.

Special to my Customers:

Many of you needing Provisions have heretofore been compelled to purchase these supplies from other houses, after bonding your crops to me for Guano, I will in future furnish you with your Provisions also, knowing it will be more convenient and agreeable for you to make your accounts all at one place

With many thanks for your kind patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same

Send for Catalogues.

MARK W JOHNSON.
jan3—d&w3m

GOULD, BARTON & CO.,
Commission Merchants
DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, MEATS,
—AND—
General Produce,
Atlanta, - - - Georgia.
jan29—d&w3m

CIGARS! CIGARS!! CIGARS!!!

MY FRIENDS, PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL are hereby informed that I have removed my Cigar Manufactory from Garnett street to NO. 4 BROAD STREET, next door to No. 1 Engine House, where I hope to see all my old customers and many new ones. I still manufacture the

Clear Havana Partagas, Moscovita and Henry Clay,

which I claim to be the finest Cigars ever manufactured this side the ocean, and equal to the best imported brands. Manufactured here they are 25 per cent. cheaper, as the tax on imported cigars amounts to that much. I import direct the best grades of Havana Tobacco. Manufactory No. 4 Broad street, wholesale and retail, and retail stand 54 Whitehall street.

[dec21-d3m] F. H. ENGELBERT.

Empire Steam Planing Mill
—AND—
SASH, BLIND AND DOOR MANUFACTORY.

J. C. PECK & CO.,
BUILDERS,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS
—IN—

Lumber of all kinds, Laths, Shingles, Hubs, Spokes and Handles,
SASH, BLINDS AND DOORS!
Mouldings, Brackets, Counters, Desks, Tables, Show Cases, etc., etc.
Paints, Oils, Glass and Putty
DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURERS, AT THE LOWEST RATES.

With our New and Improved Machinery, we can

DEFY ALL COMPETITION.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,
Corner Loyd St. and Georgia Railroad, Opposite Gen'l Pass. Depot.
Atlanta, Georgia.

J. C. PECK, W. G. ASHLEY, feb1—d6m — J. H. ELLSWORTH, L. H. HALL.

DIRECT TRADE IMPORTATION
OF
IRON, STEEL, GUNS, CUTLERY,
AND
General Hardware.

WE are now ready to furnish the Trade, from ample and judicious selections, every article embraced in our line, at close figures, which will prove themselves in comparison with any market in the United States. Specialities in Genuine Hammered Swedes Iron, Swedish Plow Steel, English Guns and Cutlery—which come to us without a second profit; also, in American Heavy Goods, from manufacturers on quantity contracts—Superior Charcoal Merchant Bar Iron and Nails.

Correspondence with CASH buyers solicited. Freight arrangements complete to all points. Bills Lading with rates indorsed and guaranteed on all shipments.

jan21—d3mo J. & S. BONES & CO., ROME, GA.

PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY,
(CAPITAL $1,000,000.)

Soluble Pacific Guano,

ADAIR & BROTHERS,
Agents for the Company,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THIS GUANO has been in extensive use for seven years in Georgia and adjoining States. Experience demonstrates that 200 pounds per acre increases the crop from double to three-fold the natural yield, thus making one hand equal to two, and one acre equal to two.

The policy of the Pacific Guano Company is to sell a fertilizer unsurpassed for excellence at the lowest price and look to large sales and small profits for reasonable returns on capital invested, hence this valuable Guano is put into market at the present low price to consumers.

Planters are requested to put in their orders early to insure prompt delivery.

ADAIR & BROTHERS, Selling Agents, Atlanta, Georgia.
JOHN S. REESE & CO., General Agents, Baltimore, Md. [illegible]

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS.

Plows and other Agricultural Implements Cheaper
THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE SOUTH.

We cannot be Undersold for Cash.

"Buist's" Warranted Garden Seeds.

We have facilities for furnishing the Trade at Philadelphia prices.

Guano and Provisions Sold to Farmers on Time.

☞SEND FOR OUR CIRCULARS OF PRICES AND TERMS.

J. BEN WILSON & CO.
[illegible] ATLANTA, GA.
jan31— [illegible]

GEORGIA REPORTS.

WE WILL FURNISH 46th GEORGIA REPORTS [illegible] per copy. [illegible]

[illegible]

Specie Payments Resumed,
—AT—
LEE SMITH'S,
NO. 31, MARIETTA STREET.

Double Entry Book-Keeper.

A GENTLEMAN [illegible]

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

TO LAWYERS.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications on subjects suitable either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1873.

Immense Democratic Gains.

The Albany Argus prints a table giving the results of the late town elections in thirty-seven of the counties of New York, as compared with the results of the same towns in 1872. The Democrats have gained 84 towns and carried majorities in 15 counties that last year went Radical. The World says that the splendid and surprising gains encourage the belief that the State will be easily redeemed next fall.

Senators on a Southern Tour.

A Washington dispatch to the Baltimore Sun states that Senator Cameron, Senator Howe, and several other leading gentlemen expect to start on an extended Southern trip on Monday, the 24th instant. They will visit in their journey all the principal cities from Richmond to New Orleans. The object of the trip is mainly one of pleasure, but other matters doubtless enter into it. The party expect to spend some time in New Orleans, where more than forty years ago Senator Cameron was concerned in the project of a canal to connect the waters of the Mississippi with Lake Ponchartrain.

Old England.

The ministerial crisis is over, and the Gladstone Cabinet return to their places. The Conservative leaders unconditionally refused to form a government; and yet the Premier is to all intents and purposes the ruler of the Kingdom that the sun never sets upon. He appoints the Bishops, every officer almost, even to the creation of new peers of the realm. He is in short the King. Disraeli, who works hard in the House of Commons, would not take it; neither would the Earl of Derby or Earl Granville. Just imagine one of our salary-grabbing Congressmen refusing such a place! The truth is English politicians are not "on the make;" they don't understand the first rudiments of a Credit Mobilier scheme. And they serve their country in Parliament without a cent of pay!

Shameful Repudiation.

Frederick Greer who gets up biographies to order, all warranted to please, has recently had much trouble in collecting his accounts. He was engaged in transforming Boss Tweed on paper into a high-toned man of honor, a poet and a humanitarian, when the crash came. Tweed immediately lost all appetite for biographic immortality, and refused to pay the Bohemian. Mr. Greer then turned his attention to Jay Gould, whom he served up in first rate style, making him like the driven snow in purity of character and life, and holding up the part he played on "Black Friday" as a pattern for the rising generation; and yet he had to resort to the courts for the balance of his pay. Mr. Gould took ten copies of the book according to contract at one hundred and fifty dollars each; but he afterwards ordered more copies, and, consequently, Mr. Greer wants more pay at the same rate. What is more natural? The suit is pending, and Jay Gould offers to compromise.

A Stock Law.

Both branches of the Missouri Legislature have passed a stock law, or fence law, whose chief feature is that it compels a man to fence against his own stock, instead of fencing against other people's stock. In other words it imposes on each farmer the duty of preventing his cattle of all kinds from trespassing upon his neighbors' premises—a duty that he can effectually do only by confining them within his own inclosures. The law, however, is not general—the vote of a county being necessary to make it applicable. The St. Louis Republican thinks that the stock-breeding counties, in which the cattle need the benefit of the range, will not accept the law; but that the tobacco, hemp and grain counties will consider the law advantageous. The advocates of the measure argue that it will be convenient and economical, in the long run, because it will save the cost of all the fencing on farms except the limited amount needed for stock enclosures. Instead of fencing in all his cultivated farm, a farmer will need only to fence in a few lots or fields for his own animals.

The Missouri law seems to be modeled after our own; and the same questions will come up for popular decision in both States. Our farmers need no advice on such topics from gentlemen of the quill.

The Foster Case.

The condemned man, Foster, has suffered the extreme penalty of the law, for an unprovoked and brutal murder committed on the 26th of April, 1871. His wealthy and eminently respectable connections left no stone unturned to avert the dread verdict of outraged law; but the octogenary Governor of New York refused to annul "the deliberate and well-considered determinations of juries and courts." So a man was hung in New York.

The Governor's letter to Dr. Tyng, announcing his conclusions on the application for a commutation of Foster's sentence, is a very strong paper. He first presents the facts of the case: the rowdy's insulting conduct towards the ladies in charge of Putnam, the murdered man, and a stranger to the assailant—Putnam's effort to avoid all difficulty with him and yet protect the ladies—Foster's immediate declaration to the driver that he would attack Putnam with the car-hook as soon as he got off—the passage of three-fourths of a mile between the inception of the crime and its commission—and the ferocious completion of the premeditated design.

The Governor then proceeds to brush away "the appliances that the wealth and the influence of a most estimable family" commanded to save Foster from the scaffold. The recommendation to mercy by the jury that convicted him, the *ex parte* affidavits and statements of the same jurors disclosing the secret consultations of the jury room, the earnest applications of distinguished clergymen and citizens, even the widow's appeal for the life of her husband's murderer, are all declared by the stern old man as insufficient grounds for averting the supremacy of the law that makes every man who strikes a murderous blow feel that his own life is in peril. The force of judicial decisions must not be impaired. After a man has been fairly, impartially and legally convicted, every effort towards his release contributes unconsciously to endanger the public safety, and to break down the barriers which the law has set up for the protection of human life. All honor to the Governor for this righteous decision.

Foster's wife has been very devoted, visiting him daily, and remaining with him very much of the time. His little children have not been allowed to see him in prison. The telegraph says that they will immediately depart for Europe. This course commends itself to every person's humanity and good sense. Amid new scenes and a strange people the broken heart will find all the relief that this earth can give her in the first moments of such sorrow.

PUBLIC CORRUPTION!

A Splendid and Eloquent Exposition by Senator Schurz of its Danger to the Republic in His Speech Against Senator Caldwell, of Kansas.

A POWERFUL PROTEST.

It is to be feared that this case does not stand alone. It will certainly not stand alone if this passes with impunity. What shall be done under such circumstances? What is the duty of those who have formed their judgment on the facts as I have, and I know there are many here? Shall we say that, although the test many convinces us that here a seat in the Senate has been purchased with money, yet that seat shall be held by the purchaser as if it had been acquired by a free and honest election? Shall we declare that when a man buys a seat in the Senate and pays for it it is his property, and that, according to article 5 of the amendment to the Constitution, no private property shall be taken for public use without just compensation? Shall we even encourage such scandalous practices by letting it be known that we shall do nothing to prevent their successful consummation? Shall we increase the temptations already existing by assuring to the purchasers of the seat in the Senate full security of enjoyment? Have you considered the consequences of such indulgence? To-day we may still be strong enough to vindicate the purity of elections and the moral basis of representative government by a simple exercise of our judgment and power. But you stimulate the vicious tendency we see here, and how long will it be before so many of these seats are filled with mere purchasers as to make a struggle against them hopeless?

THIS IS NOT A MERE DARK FANCY.

The country is ringing with the cry of corruption. Never before have the agencies been so powerful which seek to serve private interests by a corrupting use of money. Never before has the field of political life been so well prepared for this work. The civil war, with its fluctuations of values and its tempting opportunities for the rapid acquisition of wealth, has left behind it a spirit of speculation and a greed stimulated to inordinate activity. There is a morbid desire to get rich, and to indulge in extravagant enjoyments, and that desire is served by a growing unscrupulousness in the use of means. But more than that—more than ever before has the government extended its functions beyond its legitimate circle; and more than ever before has the public Treasury been pressed into the service of private interests.

A PICTURE OF CORRUPTION.

Do we not see and understand what is going on around us? What is it that attracts to the capital of the nation that herd of monopolists and speculators and their agents, who so assiduously lay siege to the judgment and also to the consciences of those who are to give to the country its laws? What is it that fills the lobbies of these halls with the atmosphere of temptation? What is it that brings forth such melancholy, such deplorable exhibitions as the American people have been beholding this winter, and which we would have been but too glad to hide from the eyes of the world abroad? It is that policy which uses the power of this great Government for the benefit of favored interests; that policy which takes money out of the pockets of a few; that policy which in every country where it prevailed, has poisoned the very fountain of legislation. Do you think that the consequences can be different here? Are not your great railroad Kings and monopolists boasting that they can buy whole State Legislatures to do their bidding? Have we not seen some of them stalking around in this very Capitol like the sovereign lords of creation? Are not some of them vaunting themselves already that they have made and can make profitable investments in Congressmen and United States Senators? Have we not observed the charming catholicity of their operations and the breadth of their cosmopolitanism, as shown before the Credit Mobilier Committee of the House, when Dr. Durant said that he did not care whether the man he supported for election was a Republican or a Democrat, provided he was a good man? And now if you let them know that a man who has purchased his seat here, or for whom it has been purchased, with money, will be secure in the enjoyment of the property so bought, I ask you, will not their enterprise be limited only by their desires? And will not their rapacious desires, from which the country has already suffered so much pecuniarily and morally, grow with their opportunities? As long as such evils are permitted to exercise their influence they will spread with the power of contagion, and nothing but the most unflinching resistance can check them. Such is our condition. Everybody sees and feels it. Everybody knows that it is so, and you must not be surprised when

THE VOICE OF PUBLIC OPINION

comes up to us with a loud complaint of the pusillanimity of Congress in confronting such evils. The Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. Carpenter) speaks rather contemptuously of that voice as we hear it, and calls it the clamor of a mob. Let us see what kind of a mob it is. The Senator read extracts from the New York Times and also from Harper's Weekly, condemning the action of Congress in the Credit Mobilier case, and continued: These words are not those of papers in the habit of finding fault with the ruling party. The kind of party service they have rendered must rather convince us that such words were extorted from them by a state of things not to be denied or belittled. They show certainly not too dark a coloring of the popular sentiment which prevails. I do not quote their language as having any bearing upon this case, but in order to show you a fact which is of the highest public importance. That fact it is useless to disguise, and we had better understand and appreciate it. The confidence of the people in the integrity of their public men is fearfully shaken. Whatever you may think of the causes which have brought forth this result, the fact itself is a public calamity. For, as has often been said in these days, what will become of the respect of the people for the laws when they lose their confidence in the law-makers? I say this not to cast a slur upon any one, but to admonish the Senate not to weaken that confidence which it still may enjoy. But a weak defection of duty in a case like this and the Senate will weaken that confidence if, with such evidence before its eyes, it refuses to employ the power it wields for the protection of its integrity; for the people will be justified in thinking that if we, with our eyes full open, permit the seats of lawmakers to be bought, we shall not be able, if we were willing, to prevent legislation from being sold. I would listen to the clamor of the mob as little as the Senator from Wisconsin. Neither would I, in order to gain the confidence of the multitude, descend to an act not in accordance with the true convictions of right and duty. I would face them without flinching to prevent a wrong; but I would not treat with contempt, but respect the voice of the people when it calls upon me to do what, according to my best convictions, I conceive to be my duty.

THE INTERESTS AT STAKE.

I am very far from asking anybody, who, upon a conscientious examination of the testimony, has arrived at a conclusion as to the facts different from mine, to vote as I shall vote; but to those who have formed the same conclusion let me say that here something more is at stake than the fate of one man, in determining which we might be moved by personal sympathy and compassion; something more, also, than the danger which might spring from the possibility of the abuse of that power, to be exercised by the Senate in protecting itself against the intrusion of a corrupt and corroding element, and that something is the purity, nay, the very existence, of the representative character of our institutions. You speak of partisan recklessness which might unscrupulously employ this power to accomplish its ends. I know it at danger, and surely I do not underestimate it, but I entreat you to consider that by assuring impunity and secure enjoyment of the fruits of their iniquity to those who acquire seats upon this floor by purchase instead of honest election, you will encourage the propagation of these scandalous practices; you will invite to the Senate an element which, in most cases in its very nature corrupt, will be the most willing and dangerous tools in the hands of reckless partisanship. For you must know that those who feel themselves most vulnerable, and have to shun the searching light of inquiry, will never have the courage and that independence which defies attack, but will always be the first to earn by abject service refuge and security under the wing of protecting majorities. Become the exclusion from our legislative bodies of that class of men who, after use of ignoble means must serve sordid ends, and you will have secured a better safeguard against the abuse of power than by circumscribing the authority of the Senate in limits narrower than the Constitution has designed them. It is time that we should face

THE DANGERS WHICH THREATEN THIS REPUBLIC.

It has no monarchical traditions, no pretenders of historic right to disturb its repose and to plot its overthrow. It is not likely to succumb to the shock of force. But there have been republics whose original constitution was as healthy as ours, but which died after all the slower disease of corruption and demoralization, and that day of constitutional life and anarchy of power which always go hand in hand with them. It is time for us to keep in mind that it requires more to make and preserve a republic than the mere absence of a king, and that when a republic decays its soul is apt to die first, while its outward form may still be lasting. I hope and trust that we are still far from that point, but no candid observer will deny that there are symptoms of a movement in that direction. But there are symptoms also which inspire the hope that the downward movement may soon be checked, and that, perhaps, the checking has already commenced. What is our office under circumstances like these? This is the Senate of the United States. When the American people struggle against the power of corruption their Senate should march in the front rank to lead the advancing column. Their Senate should at least hold high its standard of purity and honor, which is to restore the waning confidence of the citizen in the integrity of the lawmakers. Whenever personal disagreements, whatever quarrels of party may divide us, this is higher than personal consideration and higher than party, and in this at least the Senators of the United States should be unanimous.

REASONS FOR EXPELLING MR. CALDWELL.

I shall vote for the resolution to declare the election of Mr. Caldwell illegal and void. I shall do so, clearly convinced as I am from the careful reading of the testimony in this case, that Mr. Caldwell's election was effected by the corrupt use of money. I shall do so, firmly believing that the Senate, under the Constitution, does not possess the power to declare void an election so effected. And if this resolution should fail, which I hope and trust it will not, I shall then vote for the resolution to expel Mr. Caldwell, firmly believing as I do that the corruption shown in this case touches his character no less than the election, and clearly unfits him for a seat in the Senate of the United States.

AS TRUE AS "STEEL."

The Speech of Oakes Ames Did not Make at His "Ovation."

"Eli Perkins," the humorous correspondent of the New York Commercial, gives, in imitation of Conn Pratt's false Inaugural the speech Oakes Ames ought to have made at the late "ovation" given that worthy by his enthusiastic and sympathetic townsmen. It is far more truthful than the real speech, and not a whit more audacious:

"Quite a commotion was caused on the rostrum about this time by the reception of the following mock speech, written by a gentleman from New York, who suggested in a note that Oakes Ames should read it to the audience. The applause was all put in, but the Chairman suppressed it, handing me a copy:

A STILLBORN ORATION.

"Fellow Citizens—I am deeply impressed with the honor you heap upon me for my success in the noble work of bribery and corruption. It is meet that Senator Patterson, Schuyler Colfax and Company should have their reward for the aid they gave me in the noble cause of corruption. But the briber as well as the bribed is entitled to your considerati n. [Cheers.] Fellow citizens of North Easton, history has furnished many beautiful instances of legislative corruption; but where, I ask, can you find an instance where one man, single and alone, has succeeded in bribing an entire legislature? [Cries of "No where!"] I am glad you appreciate your representative and that you censure the acts of those dishonest members who refused to be bribed. I am glad you appreciate the danger I incurred in nobly breaking the law. It is for this that you honor me. It is for this that you meet me, proud sons of New England, with bands and banners, with huzzas and national anthems. It is for nobly breaking the acts of Congress and for corrupting my fellow legislators that you, proud sons of Pilgrim Fathers, almost beneath the shadow of Plymouth Rock, honor me with thanks and speeches and the pomp and procession of an enthusiastic constituency. [Great applause.]

"My friends, I have been truthful, as you know. I went there to bribe a Legislature, and I did it. I said I did it. I now say I did it. (A voice—'You're no pervaricator, like Colfax.') Look at my hands. I am an honest man. Ben. Butler, my lawyer, says so. I gave him $3,000 to stimulate him. I placed it where it would do the most good. [Cheers for Ben.] I am a simple shovel-maker. (Voice—'Has Schuyler prevaricated?') No; Schuyler, too, is an honest man. All are honest men. His constituents have honored him as you have honored me. We are the briber and the bribed. [Cheers.] I glory in it. I am glad the proud Commonwealth of Massachusetts appreciates my glorious work of corruption. (A voice—'Oh, give us a rest?') Yes, I'll give you the rest soon. The Bible says a liar shall not enter the kingdom of Heaven. I have told you the truth, even if it does bar out Mr. Colfax. Proud of what I have done and thankful to you, sons of the Pilgrim Fathers, for indorsing my cause, I leave my renomination in your hand." [Sensation.]

The following telegram, purporting to come from Benjamin F. Butler was also suppressed:

THE SPIRIT OF OLD BEN BUTLER.

To Hon. Oakes Ames:

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts honors you. Brooks and Schuyler have lied clear out. Honesty is worth two in the bush. My fee is $3,000, as we talked. Be of good cheer. You "placed it where it would do the most good." Yours,

BENJAMIN F. BUTLER.

A BENEDICTION.

Before the collation the Rev. William L. Chaffin offered up a benediction. Mr. Chaffin says now he didn't say Mr. Ames did exactly right in bribing the Thirty-ninth Congress, but he don't want to take it back. In fact he don't want to say anything about it. He don't know anything about politics.

Old Men in France.

Public men live to a ripe old age in France, and M. Thiers is ten years the junior of M. Guizot, still an active man in possession of all his faculties. The Comte de Segur, whom I met a year ago looking very hale and hearty, has just died at the age of ninety-three, and an Archbishop has just passed away at the age of eighty-six. Three years ago the latter went to visit his eldest brother, a farmer, who was then within a few months of ninety-three.

The first words of the latter were, "Why, Anastase, what do you mean by stooping that way? At your age you should stand straighter." The Archbishop confessed that he straightened up instantly, and that he bore his eighty-three years a great deal easier after seeing his ninety-three-year-old brother at work about his farm. M. Thiers has stamina enough yet, and he is malicious enough to live ten years longer out of spite. If he fails before eighty it will be from overwork.—*Cor. N. Y. Times.*

To NEWSPAPER BORROWERS.—Here is how editors talk to the borrowing individuals:

"Got a paper to spare?"

"Yes sir; here's one of our last. Would you like to subscribe, sir, and take it regularly?"

"I would, but I'm poor."

"That man just came from the circus—cost, fifty cents; lost time from his farm, fifty cents; liquor, judging from the smell, fifty cents, making a dollar and a half already thrown away, and then begging for a newspaper, alleging that he was too poor to pay for it!

That's what we call saving at the spigot and losing at the bung-hole.

WONDERLAND.

Geo. Forrests, Torrents, and Waterfalls of the Tuolumne Cannon.

From the San Francisco Bulletin.]

The diadem for scenic grandeur has heretofore been won by Yosemite, but late explorations in the Sierra Nevada have revealed some half-dozen contestants for that honor. Among these may be mentioned Mount Shasta, the canon of the South Fork of King's river (on the shadow of Mount Whitney), and and the great Tuolumne River canon. John Muir, the lonely, adventurous explorer and geologist of the Yosemite Valley, and Galen Clark, State Guardian of that valley, last month penetrated and explored the last mentioned canon, which Professor Whitney and Clarence King did not enter, the former expressing a doubt, in his State geological report, whether it was possible to get into at all.

Mr. Muir reports that this canon lies about eighteen miles in an almost due northerly direction from Yosemite Valley. Its beginning or mouth is below Hetch-Hetchy Valley, and the main Tuolumne River runs through it. It curves in an unbroken line for over forty miles, and runs up to and ends in the very heart of the summits of the upper Sierra Nevada. The pneuphonously named Hetch-Hetchy Valley constitutes an expanded portion of the great Tuolumne canon, which properly begins at the eastern end of Hetch Hetchy, and has, from thence to its head, a length of twenty miles of continuous, unbroken vertical walls of granite, similar to, but more clear cut, and with greater depth than those of the Yosemite Valley.

Yosemite Valley has an average width of half a mile, and is in one place a mile wide, but the Tuolumne canon has nowhere a width exceeding a quarter of a mile, and is in some places much narrower than that. The Tuolumne River, which runs through it, has twice the width of the Merced. The falls of the Merced-Yosemite surpass those of the Tuolumne canon in unbroken volumes of descending water; but, in endless variety of cascades and water-shoots the Tuolumne canon is far superior. The great walls of the canon are seamed by water-worn fissures, down which rivers leap, churn, thunder, brawl and sing with all possible varieties and expression of sound.

There is one water-leap 1,900 feet high in the Tuolumne canon, but it is not unbroken like the Upper Yosemite, and is in that respect inferior to the latter. The Upper Yosemite falls 1,600 feet high. In the spring, when the river is full, that fall tumbles into its great water-worn, rocky bowl with a sound resembling the fall from the sky of gigantic cannon balls on massive and tightly stretched drums. This sound closely resembles, yet hardly rises to the majesty dignity of the loudest peals of thunder—a thunder which is brought directly home to the ears by the narrowness and vast depth of the great ice-covered fissure and the unsurpassed facilities it affords for ponderous echoes.

One of the waterfalls spreads out at first like a great filmy fan of silver-threaded water, but, after a descent in this shape of about 200 feet, it is whirled over, closed up with lightning-like rapidity, changed in color, shot down a narrow grove of rocks, like an arrow of steam. The great sculpture marks of glacial action are much newer and more easily read in the Tuolumne than in the canon, for, though called a valley, it is really a canon of the Yosemite. The glacial alphabet by which the history of the glacial action can be read is very much blurred in Yosemite by the subsequent action of rain, snow, sun, winds and earthquakes; but in the Tuolumne canon the page is fresh from the glacial workshop on the summits of mounts Lyell, Dana, Gibbs and Ritter.

The glacier on the latter has a length and width of about half a mile, and a depth of 800 feet. The glaciers from these mountains, Mr. Muir thinks, at one time not only filled the great Tuolumne canon, but lavishly overflowed it as a river overflows its banks in the springtime.

Messrs. Muir and Clark had a rough task in exploring this great canon and its surroundings. They were forced to wade rushing, icy torrents, the sides of which brushed the foot of perpendicular rocks of granite. They camped one night in their shirt-sleeves, and went to bed supperless. One of the walls mentioned is 4,000 feet high.

Those who have come out of Yosemite by the Coulterville trail will remember what a magnificent view of the Bridal Veil Falls is had from Inspiration Point. Those falls are by no means the largest, but they are the most beautiful and appropriately named of all the many falls of the great valley. The wind swings them and disarranges their falling folds and silver threads, just as it would a veil of the most gauzy texture. There are many of these bridal-veil falls in Hetch-Hetchy Valley and then Tuolumne Canon. There is a greater display and variety of water-shapes, hues, tints, motions and expressions in the latter canon than in Yosemite.

One imagines that he has seen and heard all the possible combinations into which water can enter to awe and delight the eye and charm the ear, after a visit to Yosemite; but Mr. Muir states that the exploration of the Tuolumne canon has revealed innumerable new discoveries in this respect, even to his eye, which has for years been familiar with all the waterfalls of the Yosemite region.

It is evident from these and other recent discoveries in the Sierra Nevada that there are a wealth of wonders there, outside of regions on which the eyes of the tourists have heretofore rested.

The Modoc Chiefs.

A correspondent of the San Francisco Chronicle was permitted to join one of the parties who visited the Modocs in their lava-bed cave. The Indians were in a large cave, their only fuel sage brush. While they were smoking the introductory pipe the correspondent took occasion to scan the faces of the Modoc leaders, and here is the result of his observation:

Captain Jack was the central figure, and attracted most attention. He is a stern, dignified-looking man, not over thirty, though he looks older. He has a good head; though, like all Indians, the forehead is low. His complexion is dark, the pure copper color; and his eyes are black, full and piercing. His hair is long, hanging down to his shoulders, and he is, of course, destitute of all beard. His mouth is large, and its shape indicates grimness, determination and a great deal of character. He was very glad to see Steve, but he did not show it by his manner. When he shook hands it was with an indifference that, to one unacquainted with Indian character, would seem to be absolute rudeness. He was dressed in a hickory shirt, and covered with blankets. Scar-faced Charley, the next noted one in the tribe, has a Jewish cast of countenance, his nose being long and aquiline, and his face thin and narrow. He has a terrible scar on his right cheek, which, but for his naturally pleasant expression, would make his countenance rather repulsive. He is about thirty-five years old, and is regarded as the bravest Indian in the tribe. But enough has been written of his exploits. He was very polite to his guests, and did all in his power to make them comfortable. He was well dressed, and all he wanted to do was to get out of the lava bed. Shack Nasty Jim is a youngster not over 20 or 22. He sat in the circle with a soldier's coat on, and looked wise as a judge. Hooker Jim, the leader of the band who committed the murders on the east side of the lake, was rigged out in a cavalry jacket, army pants, and black hat. He has a bad face, and though quite young, looked as if he could be guilty of anything. He is just now anxious for peace, in the hope of getting amnesty for his share in the massacre, and is doing all he can to make a treaty. The doctor is decidedly the worst looking man in the tribe. His face is absolutely devilish, narrow, contracted, with a little eye that twinkles its wickedness, and a mouth full and sensual. It is a countenance that would make anybody shudder. He had on a straw hat, with a long black feather in it, and several articles of soldiers' clothing. I need hardly say that all clothing of this description was stripped from the dead bodies of the soldiers killed in the late battle. Black Jim, another of the murderers, is a tall, fine looking fellow, but one that I would rather not meet alone of a dark night. He wore the military cap that Captain Barton lost in the fight. It had a bugle and the figures 21 on it. He also carried a cavalry carbine, lost on the day of the battle. In fact, I saw quite a number of breech-loading carbines and whole piles of metallic cartridges, all of which goes to show that our troops in their retreat must have left a good deal of war material behind them.

Town Condensed.

London has thirteen public parks.

The women are to have Sunday discourses in Boston.

A railroad baggage insurance company has been formed in London with a capital of one million.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

The Savannah Post Office Matters

The Disposition of Foster's Body.

Erie Railroad Loses its Depot and Warehouse.

Spain to Get no more Arms from France.

Heavy Gales Off the Coast.

WASHINGTON.

NOMINATED.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—James E. Millstead was nominated for Collector of Custom at Yorktown, Kentucky.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The following confirmations were made to-day: R. A. Moseley Postmaster at Toledga; Miss VanLew Postmistress at Richmond. After a brief discussion Casey's nomination as Collector of Customs of New Orleans, went over. Caldwell's discussion continues.

The Senate meets to-morrow.

The confirmation of Clark for the Savannah Post-office was reconsidered to-day and goes over. The motion to reconsider was made by Morrell, of Maine. This it is thought will break the back of the Georgia Ultra Ring. Casey's nomination was called up but passed over without material debate. Senators are reticent on this, though they babble freely upon other executive topics.

PROBABILITIES.

In the western Gulf States rising temperature, south winds and cloudy weather; in the eastern Gulf and south Atlantic States, west winds, partly cloudy and clear weather; for the Ohio valley and the middle Atlantic coast generally, cloudy weather, clearing on Saturday evening with cold northwest and west winds; for the lower lakes, New York and New England, rising barometer, fresh to brisk west winds and cloudy weather; for the upper lakes and the northwest falling barometer, followed by south winds and somewhat higher temperature. Caution signals will continue at all stations in the Middle and East Atlantic coast. They will be displayed at the lake stations from and after April 1st.

NEW YORK.

FOSTER.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Shortly after Foster had been cut down, the sexton of Dr. Tyng's Church called at the Tombs and requested that the body be allowed to remain till late in the evening, when it would be removed to the residence of his wife.

None of the unfortunate man's friends have called to see his body since the execution. He is lying in a room in the Toombs in an undertaker's box waiting to be removed.

MARINE.

All steamers arriving here report heavy northwest gales off the coast.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, March 21.—The bark Josephine, for Buenos Ayres from Boston, with a cargo of wool and hides, has gone to pieces.

James McElhaney, the wife murderer, has been hung.

NEW JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY, March 21.—The passenger depot and ferry house of the Erie Railroad is burned.

FRANCE.

PARIS, March 21.—The government has prohibited the exportation of war material to Spain.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The semi-annual convention of the general railroad ticket and passenger agents association met here to-day. There was a large attendance. Nearly all the leading roads were represented. E. R. Dorsey, of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Road, was elected President. Other officers were then elected as follows:

Vice-President Thomas L. Kimball, of the Union Pacific Railroad; Secretary, Samuel Powell, of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad; ex-Commissioner, W. L. Darnly, long term; Ellis Clarke, intermediate term; W. A. Thrall, short term.

It was decided that the next annual convention of the association should be held in the city of Chicago.

A new constitution was adopted and signed by the forty-seven members holding credentials, which include powers of attorney binding the management to the arrangements or rates which may be made by the convention. The convention will probably remain in session till Tuesday. The proceedings were conducted with usual harmony.

Among the delegates are S. E. Carey, of New Orleans, G. D. Lawrence, of Vicksburg. There are no delegates from Mobile or Montgomery, Ala.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, March 21.—There were six thousand applications for tickets to witness Foster's hanging. Nine murderers were hanged on Foster's gallows.

Two youths under the age of seventeen, who highwayed a man on Sunday night, have been sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary.

It is stated that the depositors of Bullshead Bank are safe, but the stockholders will suffer. The mutilation of the bank books by the defaulters has embarrassed the settlements.

A fire at the Erie depot, in Jersey City, destroyed two hundred hogsheads tobacco and one thousand bales cotton.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, March 21.—A brief letter received from John McEnry, Governor of Louisiana, advises the organization of tax resistance associations throughout the State.

John K. Mingle, a native of Philadelphia, a well-known telegrapher, and formerly Superintendent of the Fire Alarm and Baltimore lines, died this afternoon.

The British steamship Mexican, from Jamaica on the 20th of February via Vera Cruz, for New Orleans, has not been heard of since she left Jamaica. The agents think she was detained, probably nine days off Vera Cruz by northers, and may reach here by the 25th instant.

CUBA.

ARRESTED.

HAVANA, March 21.—On the strength of cable dispatches from London the police here have arrested Austin Byron Bidwell, alias Warren, his wife and Harry Monroe, a servant. Bidwell is supposed to be the principal operator in the recently discovered frauds on the Bank of England, and answers the description telegraphed by the London police.

Traveling with an American passport, he went through France and Spain and reached Santander, where he embarked on a French steamer for Havana. The steamer arrived here on Saturday when the whole party was taken into custody. Bidwell and his servant are in jail and are forbidden to hold communication with each other. The lady was permitted to remain at the hotel, where she is under the surveillance of the police.

Although there is no extradition treaty between Spain and Great Britain, the authorities will send the whole party back to London if the proper proof is furnished. A detective is expected here from England soon to identify and take charge of the prisoner. It is stated that the confessions of Noyes, the confederate now under arrest in London, fully implicates Bidwell in the forgery.

Josie Mansfield, the fascinating representative of the demi monde, who, jilting the rogue Fisk, Jr., was remotely the cause of his death, and had at one time, it is reported, the honor of entertaining at her house in New York the highest official in the United States, is now in Paris playing the role made famous by Cora Pearl. Josie lost her money through the failure of Bowles Bros., and is now blooding the pockets of a American millionaire.—*Washington Capital.*

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Cotton—sales 2,548 bales; uplands 19¼; Orleans 19¾.

Cotton—Net receipts 443 bales; gross 443.

Sales for export to-day 648 bales; last evening 1,681.

Sales of cotton to-day for future delivery 14,200 bales, as follows: April, 18 7-16 a18 11-16. May, 18a18⅝a18 15 16. June, 19a19⅛. July, 19 3-16a19 3-8.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Whisky 90¼ 91. Wheat 1c better; holders ask higher, which, with a scarcity of freight room, checks business. Corn steady. Rice steady. Pork lower; new $16. Lard easier at 8⅝a8 11-16 Turpentine nominal. Rosin lower at $3 24a3 40. Tallow and freights quiet.

Money closed at 7 currency. Sterling decidedly lower at 79a79½. Gold 113¼a114. Governments quiet. States very dull.

Arrived—Steamships Arragon, Queen, Regulator, Clyde.

LATER—81s 19; 63s 15½; 64s 15½; 65s 17; new 14½; 67s 17; 68s 16½; new 5s 13⅜; 10-40s 11. Tennessee 6s 84½; new 84¼. Virginia 6s 44; new 51. Consols 56; Deferred 14 Louisiana 6s 49; new 45. Levee 6s 45; 8s 65. Alabama 80; 5s 53. Georgia 6s 70; 7s 88. North Carolina 30; new 17. Special tax 13. South Carolinas 35; new 18. April and October 19. State bonds dull.

LIVERPOOL, March 21.—Cotton closed unchanged; sales include 8,000 American.

Yarns and fabrics dull, but not quotably lower. Turpentine 44s 3d.

NASHVILLE, March 21.—Cotton—low middlings 16 1-2, weekly receipts 1,343 bales; shipments 316; stock, 1812, 7,462; 1873, 12,173.

WILMINGTON, March 21.—Cotton—middlings 18 1-2; net receipts 61 bales; stock 5,980; weekly net receipts 559; exports coastwise 510; sales 46.

PROVIDENCE, March 21.—Cotton—weekly net receipts 39 bales; sales 1,600; stock 16,000.

COLUMBUS, March 21.—Cotton dull; low middlings 16¾; weekly net receipts 310 bales shipments 1,371; sales 1,173; stock, 1874, 7,005; 1873, 11,129.

NEW ORLEANS, March 21.—Cotton in moderate demand; ordinary 13 1-2; good ordinary 16a16¼; low middlings 17 3-4a17 7-8; middlings 18 3-4; net receipts 3,759 bales; gross 3,998; exports to Great Britain 3,378; to the continent 3,918; coastwise 930; sales 700. last evening 5,300; stock 206,747; weekly net receipts 35,845; gross 39,576; exports to Great Britain 17,406; to the continent 9,794; coastwise 7,223; sales 34,000.

Flour dull and lower; treble $7 50a8; family $9a11. Corn 62a66. Oats quiet at 42a44. Bran 93½a95. Hay—prime $26; choice $30. Pork dull and lower at $16 50; Dry salt meats dull and lower; shoulders 5½; there has been no sales of sides. Bacon dull and nominal at 9a9½a10; hams 15 a15½. Lard dull, tierce, packers, 8½; refined 9¼a9¾. Sugar dull; good fully fair 7 3-4a8 3-4. Molasses—fermenting 32 1-2a37 1-2; for inferior prime 45a47 1-2; centrifugal, not fermenting, 45; cistern bottom 60. Whisky dull and lower—91a96. Coffee dull at 18a20.

Sterling 24 1-4. Sight 1-8a1-4 premium Gold 14 3-4.

SAVANNAH, March 21.—Cotton steady; middlings 18¾; low middlings 17¼; good ordinary 16 3-4; ordinary 15; net receipts 1,977 bales; exports coastwise 1,086; sales 838; stock 49,234; weekly net receipts 7,907; exports to Great Britain 3,758; to the Continent 5,50; coastwise 3,524; sales 4,258.

CITY POINT, March 21.—Week's net receipts 251.

MEMPHIS, March 21.—Cotton—low middlings 17½; receipts 1,657 bales; shipments 1,269; stock of 1872, 38,506; of 1873, 47,852; weekly receipts 13,191; shipments 10,919; sales 6,500.

SELMA, March 21.—Cotton—net receipts for the week 5,9; shipments 1,237; stock of 1873, 1,943; 1873, 4,513.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—Cotton—middlings 19½; net receipts for the week estimated at 600.

AUGUSTA, March 21.—Cotton nominal; middlings 17¾; receipts 535 bales; sales 284; stock of 1872, 15,490; 1873, 14,378; net receipts for the week 2,085; shipments 1,652; sales 1,864.

BOSTON, March 21.—Cotton—middlings 19 1-2; net receipts 33 bales; gross 173; sales 300; stock 11,000; weekly net receipts 322; gross 10,308; exports to Great Britain 50; sales 800.

BALTIMORE, March 21.—Cotton dull; mid dlings 19; net receipts 166 bales; gross 415; exports coastwise 39; sales 55; stock 9,729, weekly net receipts 508; gross 2,510; exports to Great Britain 650; coastwise 417; sales 230.

Flour unchanged; wheat active and a better feeling; choice white $2 05a2 10. Corn steady. Oats quiet; Southern 46a47. Provisions quiet and unchanged.

MACON, March 21.—Cotton—low middlings 17 1-4a17 1-2; weekly receipts 309 bales; shipments 439; stock 1873, 11,174; 1872, 7,775.

NORFOLK, March 21.—Cotton—low middlings 17¼; net receipts 1,315 bales; exports coastwise 587; sales 50; stock 8,321; weekly net receipts 8,445; exports to Great Britain 1,571; coastwise 7,794; sales 989.

MOBILE, March 21.—Cotton—middlings 18 1-8; low middlings 17 1-2; good ordinary 16 1-2; net receipts 843 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,484; coastwise 147; sales 800; stock 38,798; weekly net receipts 5,169; gross 5,195; exports to Great Britain 8,784; coastwise 814; sales 5,500.

CHARLESTON March 21.—Cotton—middlings 18¼a18½; low middlings 17¼a18; good ordinary 17; ordinary 16a16 1-2; net receipts 498 bales; exports coastwise 1,022; sales 400; stock 30,055; weekly net receipts 4,977; exports to Great Britain 5,181; coastwise 3,011; sales 2,500.

CINCINNATI, March 21.—Corn quiet and steady at 39a40. Pork steady at $15 25. Lard firm; steam 7 3-4a8; kettle 8 1-4. Bacon steady; shoulders 6 3-8a6 1-2; clear rib sides 8 1-4a8 3-8; clear sides held at 8 3 4. Whisky steady at

TUTION.

VOLUME V---NUMBER 208

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar11-1y

CITY INTELLIGENCE

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Seven room residence for sale by Wallace & Fowler.

Large stock of groceries and supplies for sale by A. K. Seago.

Bundle of lace and lace shawl lost.

Shoes for ladies and gents, misses and boys, and boots for men and boys for sale cheap by G. H. & A. W. Force.

Big auction by Mayson this morning.

First-class milliner wanted.

M. & J. Hirsch opening their spring stock.

See notice in bankruptcy.

A first-class milliner is wanted.

ALDERMAN DODD returned to the city yesterday.

QUARTERLY meeting at St. Paul's Church to-day.

INTERESTING.—Sunday's CONSTITUTION. Look out for it.

MAYSON sells carpets and elegant furniture this morning.

SPIRITUAL dyspepsia is worse than physical dyspepsia.

M. & J. HIRSCH are opening up their spring stock of goods at prices very reasonable.

A white lace shawl and several pieces of point appli que lace has been lost.

WALLACE & FOWLER has a nice seven-room residence on Marietta street for sale.

WE will publish the full text of the proposition on Water Works on to-morrow.

THE best thing out to be seen at Thompson's Restaurant. Go and try it.

A. K. SEAGO has a large stock of produce, grain and groceries for sale on time, or for cash.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE are selling ladies', Misses and children's shoes at greatly reduced prices.

A negro was convicted at DeKalb Superior Court yesterday of rape, and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years.

THERE were only three accidents on the State Road yesterday. The amount of damage we did not learn.

ONE of the "Boys in Blue" accidentally shot himself in the leg yesterday at the passenger depot, inflicting a slight flesh wound.

THE Jury empanelled in the Weir case in DeKalb Superior Court were discharged yesterday, the prisoner being too sick for trial.

ANOTHER company of "Boys in Blue" passed through here yesterday, en route to the West. They were about one hundred strong.

FOR EVERYBODY.—There will be something in Sunday's CONSTITUTION for everybody to read. Don't fail to get a copy of it.

DR. JONES is at the Kimball House. We saw yesterday a young gentleman of Macon who was operated on a few days ago for "cross eyes," who sees now as straight as any one.

AT the Georgia Railroad freight depot may be seen a fine picture of a new route to the sea via Port Royal—"two connections daily." The boys are familiar with the route.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Last Sunday we had nearly four columns of new advertisements. We want eight (8) columns for to-morrow. Don't fail to get your notices in Sunday's CONSTITUTION.

SUNDAY'S CONSTITUTION.—Advertisers will bear in mind that Sunday's CONSTITUTION is the best paper in the State to advertise in. Don't fail to send in your favors early.

"JOHNNY," a little boy, explained the meaning of the word "goober" as applied to the Stone Mountain accommodation train. Johnny says a goober has but two goodies in it, and the accommodation train has but two coaches—hence the name.

THE passenger train on the Georgia Railroad was detained Thursday evening by a loose truck wheel. At Covington the engine of the passenger train had to be replaced with the engine of another train. This delayed the train so that it did not reach here until 2 o'clock Friday morning.

LOYD STREET CHURCH.—On Sunday morning Dr Fuller will preach upon "The Sacred Canon," answering the question, Why do we receive the Bible as a divinely inspired guide?

At night prayer meeting will be held. These services in this church have been of special interest. Seats free. The public is invited to attend.

THE horse attached to the furniture wagon of the Furniture Emporium ran away twice yesterday. The first time he ran into the door-way leading into Dr. Johnson's, on Broad street. The Doctor came to the door and informed the Equine applicant that the office of the Veterinary Surgeon was on the other side of the street. The next time, he kicked the foot board of the wagon to pieces. No other damage done.

INQUEST.—Coroner Kile held an inquest yesterday morning over the remains of the man run over by a freight train at the foot of Bartow street on the State Road Thursday night between 10 and 11 o'clock. It was ascertained that the name of the unfortunate man was William Princeley, a member of Company A, First Regiment United States troops at the barracks. He was paid off on Thursday, and is thought to have been trying to desert when he was killed, as he was dressed in citizens' clothes. It is supposed that he either attempted to steal a ride on the train, or was endeavoring to pass between the cars and fell underneath them. His body was dragged some distance and horribly mangled. The jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts. The body was taken out to the barracks.

HEAVY BUSINESS ON THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.—The freight depot and the capacious car yard of the Georgia Railroad—the former piled to overflowing with freights received for our merchants, and for shipment over its line, and the latter teeming with scores of heavily freighted trains arriving and departing at all hours of the day—are gratifying evidences of the largely increased business of the road, and a natural inference that the material interests of the country are rapidly being built up, despite the croakings of a few soreheads and grumblers.

During the present season the freighting capacities of the road, great as they are known to be, have proved inadequate to move, with that dispatch which was desired by the management, the vast mountain piles of freight seeking transportation. In order to meet this increased volume of business, and at the same time advance the public convenience and accommodation, the management of the road have added a number of new engines and cars to the equipment of the line, and are dispatching business with remarkable facility and universal satisfaction to shippers.

The officers and employees at this end of the line, from the ever vigorous and active Superintendent, Col. S. K. Johnson, down to the lowest grade of his subordinates, have proved themselves worthy, efficient and persevering workers under the heavy pressure of business during the present season. From four to eight freight trains have been daily dispatched from this city, and as an evidence that the business of the road exhibits no indication of falling off yet awhile from this gratifying showing, we will here state that no less than eight heavily freighted trains were sent over the line yesterday.—*Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel.*

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court.

[DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

10 Macon	13	16 Augusta	12
11 Flint	13	17 Middle	3
12 Tallapoosa	16	18 Ocmulgee	13
13 Atlanta	26	19 Eastern	6
14 Rome	37	20 Brunswick	7
15 Cherokee	21		

SUPREME COURT, *Atlanta, March 21, 1873.*

E. W. Hammond, Esq., was admitted to the bar upon taking the usual oath.

MACON CIRCUIT.

No. 9. R. Findlay's sons et al vs J. B. Artope, trustee, et al. Ejectment, from Bibb. Argued.

Whittle & Gustin, represented by Jackson & Clarke, for plaintiffs in error.

Jno. Rutherford, S. Hall, represented by Clarke & Goss, contra.

Nos. 10 and 11. Dismissed for want of prosecution.

No. 12. Continued for providential cause.

No. 13. Jas. A. Nisbet vs the Central Railroad and Banking Company. Argued.

Poe, Hall & Poe, represented by Clarke & Goss, for plaintiff in error.

No appearance for defendant.

FLINT CIRCUIT.

No. 1. The Southern Express Company vs Elizabeth Duffey. Ejectment, from Spalding. Argued.

Peeples & Stewart, E. W. Beck, for plaintiff in error.

E. W. Hammond, Boynton & Dismuke, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of Cincinnatus Peeples, Esq., the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

United States Circuit Court.

This body met yesterday morning at its usual hour Judge Erskine presiding.

The following cases were tried:

The United States vs John A. Prater. Illicit distilling. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

The United States vs. Elisha Smallwood. Illicit distilling. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

The United States vs. Milton Halsey. Illicit distilling. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

The United States vs J. Willburn Hunt. Retailing whisky without paying the special tax. This defendant plead guilty. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $1,050 and costs, and to be imprisoned for the space of twelve months, and to remain in confinement until said fine and costs are paid.

The following cases were *nol pros'd*:

The United States vs. Alfred Owens. Illicit distilling.

Same vs. Isham Allen. Illicit distilling.

Same vs. J. A. Prater. Illicit distilling.

During yesterday's session, his Honor, Judge Erskine, for the quicker expedition of business, organized a second petit jury, composed of the following persons:

Herman C Mayhew, Foreman.

H H Penty,	M G Dobbins,
E W Munday,	Frank M Van Pelt,
Mitchell Cargyle, col'd.	Festus Flipper, col'd.
Thomas G Healey,	W T Farnsworth,
Nick Mitchell, col'd	William Finch, col'd

Marcellus O Markham.

The important civil case of George Cobb vs. Woodall, Cobb & Co., an action of assumpsit, was set down for a hearing this morning at 10 o'clock.

Court then adjourned.

Justice's Court 1026th District.

William Reed, colored, was tried before this Court yesterday afternoon for the offence of hog stealing. He was prosecuted by Messrs. O. H. Jones and D. A. Beatie, the proprietors of the hog pen where the theft was committed.

The stolen hogs were the property of one Isaac Frack, a stock driver.

The particulars of this theft were given in yesterday's CONSTITUTION.

The defendant, in spite of an able argument by Mr. Thrasher, was committed to jail in default of a bond of $200 00.

Station House Report.

There were five arrests by the police yesterday, All for violations of the City Ordinances.

A homeless boy, about ten years of age, who says he has neither father or mother, and was found sleeping on the streets, was permitted to spend last night by the fire in the office. He is anxious to earn his living, if an opportunity could be given him.

Cotton Factory in Michigan.

Editors Constitution: The following item going the rounds of the press should arrest the attention of our people and induce serious reflection:

"The first manufactory of cotton cloth established in the Northwest was opened with proper dedicatory observances at Jonesville, Mich., on the 22d of February. The working capacity of the new enterprise is 125 looms, and 5,000 spindles, and its product 3,000 yards of cloth per day."

This is an illustration of the enterprise, energy and perseverance of the people of the Northwest—characteristics which are pushing that section ahead with remarkable rapidity.

In a high latitude—with a severely cold winter climate—and having to transport machinery from east to west, and material from south to north six or seven hundred miles, they boldly make the venture, and launch out into the manufacture of cotton with flattering prospects of a success, they are determined to win. The truth is they so well understand, and so highly appreciate the social and political economy of manufacturing enterprises, no matter of what kind, that they care little whether the enterprise itself pays a dividend or not. They know very well, as all would know, that they give employment to a large class of labor which could not otherwise be utilized, and create an additional market for their garden and field products.

It is time the South, and particularly this State and city, realizing its vast and superior advantages, should awake to the great necessity and value of manufactures. Every day's delay is a dead loss. Surely if the people of Michigan can make such a venture, the people of this section can do so, not only without risk, but with prospects of unusually profitable results. The machinery is almost as near to us as to them, while the cotton grows on fields and bottoms beside the water power and immediately over the coal bed, (steam-producing power) as in Alabama. Then, why hesitate? Its profitableness in the South is demonstrated daily, and with banking capital continually increasing, it is useless to say we lack capital.

No place in the South stands in greater need of diversified industries—for reasons too obvious to mention beginning with cotton manufacturing—than Atlanta; none can produce manufactured goods cheaper; none would be less subject to loss from strikes or sickness, or difficulty in obtaining labor, and no place has superior facilities for prompt, speedy and certain distribution.

The truth is cotton spinning machinery should be built in the South. Transportation on it is very expensive—probably ten per cent., and this of itself would be a handsome bonus to the manufacturer of it—just as three cents a pound, the cost of transporting and handling cotton, is to the Southern manufacturer of that staple.

We have here in juxtaposition all the material necessary for the purpose in the greatest abundance, and cheap. But we need the skilled labor. This can be obtained in this department of industry just as easily and readily as it can in painting, engine building and in wagon and buggy manufacturing—in which it is well known as elegant and substantially made vehicles are manufactured here as has been, or can be made anywhere.

If cotton manufacturing machinery were built at this, or any other equally well located point in Georgia, and sold at about the prices current at the North, or even a trifle higher, there can be no doubt but that cotton manufacturing would soon be so extensively engaged in as to completely revolutionize our industrial pursuits, and hasten the time, sure to come, sooner or later, when the great manufacturing center of the world shall be transferred to the soil of Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee, by placing together here, so favorably for rapid and cheap production and manufacture, the coal, iron, water-power and cotton God in His providence seems to have ordained it.

HAMILTON.

[OFFICIAL.]

Proceedings of Council.

ATLANTA, March 21, 1873.

Council met. Present Hon. C. C. Hammock, Mayor, and a full Board of Aldermen.

The motion to adopt the minutes of the last meeting was carried by the casting vote of the Mayor.

Alderman Langston stated that he voted against that portion declaring policeman Ballenger guilty.

PETITIONS

Of Edward Thomas, et al, asking for work on Fort street near Scofield's alley. Referred to Street Committee.

Of R M Willingham notifying Council that the contract for covering the Skating Rink at Oglethorpe Park rightly belongs to him, he being the next lowest bidder. Received.

Of Martha A. Anderson, asking for relief for her husband, who is blind, and helpless children. Referred to Relief Committee.

Of Alfred Austell, asking for the appointment of a committee to confer with him on Saturday at 4 P. M. in regard to to the opening of Line street, with power to act. Referred to Street Committee and City Engineer.

Of Carrie S. Farrow, proposing to pay one-half the expenses of a rock wall on Crumley street to protect her lot, provided the city bears the other half. Referred to Street Committee.

Of S. M. Inman, for a sewer on Peters street. Referred to Street Committee.

Of A. V. Brumby, calling attention to the sale of a lot of George Harris, col, for taxes. Referred to Tax Committee.

M'NALLY VS. QUEEN.

B. H. Thrasher appeared for J. J. McNally, charging Policeman Queen with a violation of the City Ordinances. R. P. Howell appeared for Policeman Queen. After argument, the Council refused to consider the case.

VETO OF MAYOR HAMMOCK.

Gentlemen of the City Council:

A late act of the Legislature, amending the charter of the city, makes it my duty, as Mayor of Atlanta, and presiding officer of your body, to review all acts and resolutions passed by the Council, and to either approve or disapprove the same. The resolution which I have the honor to return to you without my approval, is the one introduced by the gentleman from the Sixth, Alderman Boring, donating $300 to a committee of the Georgia Medical Association for the purpose, as I understand it, of defraying the expenses of an entertainment, to be given in honor of the assemblage of said Association, soon to take place in this city.

In a card to the public, published during the late campaign for municipal honors you pledged yourselves to the voters of Atlanta to a system of "Retrenchment and Reform," in all matters of municipal government and expenditures. In that I think you were sincere. But in the adoption of the resolution in question, it is my mature judgment that you have violated the spirit of that pledge and have gone beyond the legitimate powers of the City Council. I do not believe the charter granted for the government of the city provided for an expenditure of money by Council outside of the legitimate expenses necessary to carry on the municipal government and to make such public improvements as would belong alike to every tax payer and which would look to the general welfare and permanent growth of the city. But assuming the appropriation made as per the resolution referred to, to be legitimate, it is certainly an unwise legislation, that takes from the common tax payer and gives to an association, society, corporation or individual, without obligation or consent of the one or promise of reward from the other. Such appropriations establish a precedent and open a flood-gate, by which the funds of the city, so much needed for other purposes, may be misappropriated to the permanent injury of the financial and general interest of the city. We cannot guard too vigilantly the avenues of expenditures.

We have before us many important matters that seriously concern us as a corporation, and upon the successful inauguration of which largely depends the health and prosperity of the city. I mean the Georgia Western Railroad, the erection of water-works, the macadamizing of the principal streets of the city, etc., etc., all of which, in my judgment, are indispensable to us as a city. Many of you believe, and perhaps properly, that these improvements are not within the early and easy grasp of the city, while I think all will admit the great necessity of them.

How, then, are we to place ourselves within the reach of these essential elements of prosperity? Certainly not by an extravagant administration of the city government. Let the watchword of this and all future Councils be economy, retrenchment and reform, and the result will be a reduction of taxation, a lessening of the rates of interest, an establishment of confidence in our credit and a search for the bonds of the city as a safe investment. Then will come the desired improvements and permanent prosperity. Then we shall realize the substance of our economy and not its shadow. As an individual I assure you, gentlemen, that no member of this body has a higher appreciation of the medical profession than myself, and none, I believe, with equal ability, is willing to do more to aid in giving the proposed entertainment to the Medical Association. But as an official, I cannot, I dare not go beyond the powers which I believe to be vested in me as Mayor of this city. I therefore, gentlemen of the City Council respectfully return the resolution of Alderman Boring with your action thereon, without my approval.

Respectfully submitted,

C. C. HAMMOCK, Mayor.

Adopted and ordered spread on the minutes.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Printing—Recommend that 407 copies of the Code be contracted for with the City Printer. Adopted.

Market—Adverse on resolution of Alderman McLendon relative to market house. Adopted.

Public Schools—Schools in flourishing condition; teachers live and devoted to their work; scholars making satisfactory progress; Board of Education have made a wise expenditure of the funds placed in their hands and command confidence and support; recommend the completion a new school house on Marietta street. (Signed by Aldermen Beatie, Dodd and Brotherton.) Adopted.

Street—Favorable on petition of R Tumlin. et al, for work on Marietta street; favorable on petition of T G W Crussell for extension of Sewer ten feet; favorable on petition for a sewer on Jett branch; favorable on petition of H Thaden for work on Markham street; favorable on petition of W A Jones for work on Markham street; adverse on resolution of Alderman Boring for a rock culvert at junction of an alley with Hunter street; adverse on resolution of Alderman McLendon for a rock crossing across Pryor street on the north side of Alabama street; favorable on petition of H. M. Scott for work in front of his property on Alexander street; favorable on petition of B. L. Dann et al., for a rock crossing at intersection of Loyd and Peters street to cost $35; favorable on petition of N. A. Lester et al., for work on Castlebery street. Adopted.

Street—Recommending that $10 be paid W. H. Harville for dirt taken off his lot. Referred to special committee consisting of Aldermen Young, Mecaslin, Rice, Boring and Langston.

Street—Favorable on petition for curbing on Forsyth street, with the understanding that the petitioners lay the sidewalk as soon as the curbing is put down. Committee authorized to lay down the curbing so soon as the property owners have bricks hauled on the ground to pave the sidewalks.

Street—Recommend that the bill of Hayden & Healey be returned for want of vouchers and other information. Adopted.

Street—Favorable on petition of D. Pittman, et. al., for work on Wall street immediately. Adopted.

Street—adverse on petition of V. P. Sisson et al, for extension of Davis street from Mitchell to Markham street. Indefinitely postponed.

Street—recommend bid of T. G. W. Crussell for crossings in Fifth and Seventh Wards, at 24 cents per foot and $1 50 per perch for granite, with the understanding that no crossing will cost over $35. Adopted.

Street—recommend bid of James Walsh to finish crossings at 34 cents per superficial foot, crossings to be 3 feet wide and not to cost over an average of $35. Adopted.

Street—recommend bid of W. W. McAffee, for macadamizing Peters street.

After an elaborate discussion the report was recommitted, and the Committee ordered to advertise for intelligent bids.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The Finance Committee recommend the payment of the following bills. Adopted.

J W Lee, relief	$20 25
J M Edgar, relief	11 50
W H Brotherton, relief	1 90
J F Morris, relief	16 00
A Connally, relief	4 00
May Howard, relief	4 00
J S Oliver, Alms-house	122 34
J F Morris, Alms-house	53 61
W H Brotherton, Alms-house	54 15
Street Pay Roll	159 00
C W Holland, streets	13 00
Estate of Pat Lynch, Streets	48 00
G Edwards & Co., Streets	29 01
J Welsh, streets	363 27
Dutton & Fairbanks, Streets	21 10
J M Latham, Streets	35 25
Atlanta Sun, Printing	25 00
Plantation Company, Printing	10 00
Cemetery Pay-Roll	61 25
G A Pilgrim, W P & Cisterns	7 20
G Edwards & Co., W P & Cisterns,	6 10
B G Owens, P B & G	17 00
Dr. Fitzgerald, Fines remitted	5 00
W T Newman, Cash advanced,	5 00
Total,	$1,349 44

CITY HOSPITAL.

Finance Committee reported adverse on Alderman Boring's resolution appropriating $3,000 to the hospital. Adopted.

COAL.

Finance Committee reported adverse on petition of C. W. Howard to take stock in a railroad to Lookout Mountain. Adopted.

RELIEF.

The Tax Committee reported adverse to petition of Mrs. Bolin to be relieved from taxation. Adopted.

WATER WORKS.

Messrs. Bukofzer & Titlebaum proposed to take charge of the water works, agreeing to relieve the city from its contract with the Holley Water Works Company. Referred to Committee on Water Works and Board of Water Commissioners.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Marshal reported that he had adjusted the matter of the Prince Ponder lot with Judge Hayden.

Action deferred on bid of Mr. Buchanan for building fences around Walker street school house.

ORDINANCES.

The General Appropriation Ordinance introduced by Alderman Goldsmith was read the second time.

The motion to lay it on the table was lost by the following vote:

Yeas—Brotherton, Morris, McLendon, Young, Boring, Langston.

Nays—Dodd, Beatie, Mecaslin, Sparks, Rice, Goldsmith, McDuffie, McMillan.

The ordinance was read the third time and postponed until the second meeting in May.

An ordinance that a standing committee of three be appointed on sewers and drains, to keep a record of sizes, shapes, inclinations and course of all sewers and drains in the city, was read the third time and lost.

An ordinance amending section 487 of the code, by striking out the words "except in cases of loading and unloading wagons, carts or other vehicles," was read the third time and tabled.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman McLendon—adopted:

Resolved, That the Clerk of the City Court furnish this Council by its next meeting with a correct statement of all the prisoners tried in said City Court since its organization, the disposition of prisoners convicted, and the amount of fines that has been collected, and that the Clerk of Council furnish the Clerk of the City Court with a copy of this resolution.

Resolved, That the Finance Committee examine the list now in the City Clerk's office of prisoners convicted in the City Court, ascertain who has been employed have accounts made out for their fine, and place the same in the City Marshal's hands for collection at an early day.

Resolved, That the committee on Public Buildings and Grounds be respectfully requested to have the piece of ground belonging to the city lying on the east side of Pryor street platted and sold by the last of April. Referred to Finance Committee.

By Alderman Sparks—adopted:

Resolved, That no more money be paid by the city for secret services of detectives during this year.

By Alderman McMillan:

Resolved, That the committee to whom was referred the matter of exempting manufactures from taxation be requested to confer with the two committees of citizens and report at next meeting. Withdrawn.

The City Attorney was added to the committee.

By Alderman Dodd:

Resolved, That this Council meet hereafter at 4 P. M. every Friday evening. Withdrawn—several members stating that they couldn't meet only at night.

By Alderman McDuffie—adopted:

Resolved, That the Street Committee have the drain ditches on Foundry street, across Mangum street, filled up so that wagons can cross.

Resolved, That the Street Committee have Whatt street put in passable condition.

By Alderman Mecaslin:

Resolved, That the Street Committee examine into the condition of the culverts at the junction of Gilmer and Butler streets, and the culvert on Foster street and have the same repaired immediately. Referred to Street Committee.

By Alderman Rice:

Resolved, That a small drain pipe be connected with the cistern in front of the Ficken House, so as to carry off the water. Referred to Committee on Wells, Pumps and Cisterns.

By Alderman Young:

Resolved, That the Committee on Gas be instructed to devise some plan that gas may be extended on Hunter street as far out as St. Paul's Church. Referred to Gas Committee.

By Alderman Morris—adopted:

Resolved, That the street from Walker to Peters street, known as Booth's alley, be changed to that of Haynes street, as it is a continuation of said street.

Resolved, That the Street Committee be requested to have a two-foot crossing laid down across Chapel street in front of Evans' Chapel. Referred to Street Committee.

Resolved, That the Cemetery Committee be authorized to have the proper name of the City Cemetery put on each entrance. Referred to Cemetery Committee.

Resolved, That the City Sexton be required to call on all parties indebted for lots in cemetery, and make settlements with them for the same, and that they be allowed until June 1st, at which time the Sexton shall make his return to this body for future action of Council. Adopted.

CONCLUSION.

The subject of paying for the transportation of fourteen dead paupers to the Cemetery, was referred to the Chairman of the Relief Committee with power to act.

Alderman McLendon offered an Ordinance relative to walls, which was referred to the Ordinance Committee.

MIDNIGHT

Council adjourned at midnight.

Local and Business Notices.

LADIES', Misses and Children's SHOES of all grades at REDUCED PRICES at
*mar22-d2t G. H. & A. W. FORCE's.

JUST RECEIVED.—Gents' Custom-made Boots and Congress Gaiters, of latest styles, at G. H. & A. W. FORCE's.
mar22-d2t

ELEGANT CARPETS, Matting and fine Furniture, at Mayson's Auction, this morning.
mar22-d1t

FIRST-CLASS MILLINER wanted for the spring season. Inquire at this office.
mar22-d2t

GOOD NEWS.—M. & J. Hirsch, the popular Clothiers, 41 Whitehall street, have established an enviable reputation, and justly too, for their fair dealing with their customers. They are now opening their Spring Stock, which consists of everything known for Gentlemen's Wear, and at prices that defy competition. mar22-d1lapr1

GENTS' and Boys' Boots Congress Gaiters and lace Shoes, at REDUCED PRICE, at G. H. & A. W. FORCE's.
mar22-d2t

GO SEE the New Premium Agency. Office over No. 38 Whitehall street. A BENEVOLENT ENTERPRISE. Always pays those investing, and never fails to give entire satisfaction. Only One Dollar investments is received, which pays from $1 25 to $18 00. Premiums received at once. Office hours from 3 to 9 P. M.
mar14—d1w

"GOING LIKE HOT CAKES"—Those nice fresh Shad at T. L. WELLS'.
feb11—dtf

OH SHAD! Shad, oh! Received every day by T. L. WELLS.
feb11—dtf

GRAND RUSH on Whitehall street to T. L. Wells' to get a nice, fresh Shad!
feb11—dtf

SHAD! Shad!! Shad!!! received daily by T. L. WELLS.
feb11-dtf

The Great Clothing House of EISEMAN & BRO., is at 56 Whitehall st., The Largest Establishment, The Largest Stock. The most Extensive Variety, The very Lowest Prices
dec28—dtf

SHAD! SHAD!—I am daily receiving Shad from Brunswick and Savannah, and sell at low prices. L. COOK.
mar2-1mo

FRESH SHAD! Fresh Shad!! received every day, by T. L. WELLS.
feb11—dtf

CALL at T. L. Wells' and get a nice fresh Shad. feb11-dtf

SAVANNAH OYSTERS.—I am daily receiving the above Oysters, from Mr. Bellisario's Beds, at Thunderbolt, and offer them for sale at 50c per quart, or $1 75 per gallon, in bulk.
mar2 d1mo L. COOK.

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Hair Dye; no ridiculous tints, no disappointment, harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown; at all druggists', and 16 Bond street, New York. feb5—deodly

JAMES LOCHREY,

Atlanta Dye Works!

The Largest Establishment of its Kind IN GEORGIA.

DYEING AND CLEANING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, AND BY A FULL CORPS OF THE BEST WORKMEN.

HAVING ENLARGED MY DYE WORKS AND increased its facilities in every respect, I am now prepared to execute all orders for Dyeing and Cleaning at the shortest possible time and at low prices. The recent delays in the delivery of work was due to the scarcity of hands. I have now, however, a full corps of experienced workmen

JUST FROM THE NORTH,

and am fully prepared to execute rapidly all work that may be offered.

OFFICE on MITCHELL St., near WHITEHALL.

JAMES LOCHREY,
jan25—d3mo POST OFFICE BOX 540.

BARNES'

Albany House,

Corner Pine and Jackson St's,
ALBANY, GA.
MERRICK BARNES, Proprietor.
Omnibus to and from all trains. jan15-tf

SENOIA HOTEL,

SENOIA, GEORGIA,
W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor
may18—dtf

'A GOOD HOTEL."

The unanimous exclamation of all who stop at

Planters' Hotel,

GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.
W. D. OLDS..........................Proprietor.
jan10—dtf

CONYERS HOTEL,

By D. P. SMITH,
(Successor to E. Thom.)

THIS HOUSE is within one hundred yards of the Railroad, has been thoroughly renovated and supplied with new furniture. Give him a call, and he guarantees to give entire satisfaction.

ATTENTION CAPITALISTS!

TREASURY OF GEORGIA,
ATLANTA, March 10, 1873.

An Act of the last Legislature authorizes and directs the Governor to issue bonds of the State of Georgia to the amount of twelve hundred thousand dollars, with interest at

EIGHT PER CENT.,

payable semi-annually in April and October.

These Bonds will bear date 1st April, 1873, and will become due in annual instalments of

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS

on the 1st day of April, 1875, and the like amount on the same date each year thereafter until the whole amount authorized is paid—to-wit: on the 1st day of April, 1885. Appropriation is made for their payment and the annual interest, in the act authorizing their issue, which, being part of the contract,

IS IRREPEALABLE.

Being relieved from State, county, and municipal taxation, their purchase amounts to almost a ten per cent. investment, to which the attention of

TRUSTEES, GUARDIANS EXECUTORS, Etc.

is especially called; and as they are issued in par for redemption of overdue Bonds of the State, most of which bear only six per cent. interest, they are offered at par for these securities.

Their number, sizes, and time of payment will be as follows, viz:

1,600 bonds of $250 each, due in 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878	$400,000
800 bonds of $500 each, due in 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882	400,000
400 bonds of $1,000 each, due in 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886	400,000

The Bonds are in the hands of the engraver, and will be ready for issue very shortly after they are received from him. Meanwhile, all who desire to exchange or invest can, by forwarding their old bonds or the currency to this department, receive certificates, if the bonds should not be ready, drawing interest from the date of the bonds; and on notice given of their completion, the certificates can be brought forward and the bonds delivered. Choice of Bonds to first applicants.

JOHN JONES,
Treasurer.

All the papers in the State are requested to publish until the 1st of April, and forward their accounts to the Treasury for payment mar11-d1lapr1

PEEL & SON.

FROM and after date, the Confectionery and Bakery hitherto conducted by me, on Marietta street, will be carried on by the new firm of PEEL & SON.
mar15-d3w

OFFICE OF THE

United States Centennial Commission.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
City of Philadelphia, March 10, 1873.

CALL FOR A MEETING
TO ELECT A
BOARD OF DIRECTORS
FOR THE
Centennial Board of Finance.

IN accordance with the Act of Congress, approved June 1st, 1872, the United States Centennial Commission hereby issue a call for a meeting of the Corporators, and all others who may then have subscribed for Stock of the Centennial Board of Finance, to be held

In Concert Hall,

on the north side of Chestnut street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, in the City of Philadelphia, aforesaid, on the

22d DAY OF APRIL, NEXT,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

for the purpose of electing a board of directors, to consist of twenty-five stockholders, whose term of office shall be one year, and until their successors shall have been qualified as prescribed in said act.

At this meeting each subscriber for stock will be entitled to cast one vote in person or by proxy for each share of stock thus represented.

And under rule ninth, the following form of proxy may be used.

"I do hereby authorize and empower .... for me, and in my name to vote upon .... share of stock in said corporation held by me, and represented by subscription certificate No. .... at the meeting of the corporators and subscribers for said stock called by the United States Centennial Commission and to be held at Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of electing the first board of directors of said corporation."
Witness at signing } "(name of Subscriber)" "(address.)"

By order of the United States Centennial Commission.

JOSEPH R. HAWLEY, President.
LEWIS WALN SMITH, Secretary.
mar16—d1aw5w

For Sale.

1 NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE, very conveniently arranged. Terms very easy—one-fourth cash; balance in one, two and three years.

Also, FOR SALE,

BRICK! BRICK!

1,000,000 GOOD BRICK of my own manufacture.

For particulars call on the undersigned, corner of West Cain and Williams streets, or address me to P. O. Box 482, Atlanta. T. G. EISWALD.
dec24-dtf

Wanted.

A GOOD House Keeper and Upper Nurse to take entire charge of an establishment, care for and instruct three little boys, aged respectively three, five and seven years.

To the right person, with no incumbrances, a good salary and a comfortable, permanent home will be given.

Address with full particulars and references

BOX 112,
mar16-dtf Atlanta Post-office.

OPENING
—OF THE—
Spring Campaign!

ON and after to-day REGULAR MEALS will be served up at REDUCED RATES.

Breakfast from 6 to 9 A. M.; Dinner from 12 to 3 P. M.; Supper from 6 to 9 P. M.

Board by the day or week on moderate terms.

Meals to be had at all hours. All the substantials and luxuries of the season.
mar16-d1w R G THOMPSON.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The outward trains from Macon dine at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call. june5— tf

CANNON HOUSE,

Recently St. James Hotel,
Marietta Street........Gate City Block,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

BOARD PER DAY, $2. Three or four good rooms for families. mar6—dtf

PLANTERS' HOTEL,

NEWNAN, GEORGIA,
C. ROBINSON..................Proprietor.

THE old Dougherty House is now being fitted up in good style, with new furniture throughout, and will be known in future as the Planters' Hotel. He hopes by untiring attention to his guests to meet with a share of the public patronage. He solicits a trial. jan8—dtf

FAIRBURN HOTEL,

BY MRS. E. McLARIN,
Fairburn......................Georgia.
Board per Day $2...dtf

THE Morning Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, breakfast at this House. Three trains pass through daily. may11—dtf

The Kennesaw Route

BY THE

Western & Atlantic

Railroad Company,

AND ITS CONNECTIONS.

Atlanta to

Nashville. Louisville and Lynchburg

WITHOUT CHANGE!

ONLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS TO

NEW YORK, ST. LOUIS,

CHICAGO & MEMPHIS.

THIS IS THE BEST ROUTE TO ALL POINTS

North, East, and West.

MANY HOURS QUICKER—MANY MILES SHORTER

Than any Other Route

TO NEW YORK.

Excursion Tickets to New Orleans by this route for visitors to MARDI GRAS will be on sale at Atlanta from February 15th to 22d. Return coupons good if presented within thirty days from the date of sale.

A pamphlet entitled "Mardi Gras in New Orleans, Thirteenth Annual Festival, February 25th, 1873—The Mystick Krew of Comus—Their History and Festiv ls from 1857 to 1873," is now ready for gratuitous distribution, and can be secured upon application.

PULLMAN PALACE COACHES ON ALL DAY AND NIGHT TRAINS.

Westinghouse Air Brake

ON ALL PASSENGER TRAINS.

Baggage Checked to all Principal Points.

Purchase Tickets via Atlanta and the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and secure

Quick Time, Comfort and Safety.

B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
E. B. WALKER,
Master of Transportation, Atlanta, Ga.
feb1 d1m

SPRING STOCKS!

J. M. HOLBROOK has in store, and is daily receiving, his Spring Stock of Hats for Gents' and Ladies wear, and Millinery Goods of all kinds. Dealers will find all styles of

HATS

including the latest styles SILK and "Nobby" Hats, and all the latest styles of Ladies Hats at prices which

FOR

cheapness cannot be excelled. Holbrook offers unsurpassed inducements to country dealers, who can obtain their supplies for

THE MILLION,

at his Emporium. Ladies hats, in all the fashionable styles, can be had of him. The stock of Millinery goods is large and complete. Bargains can be had in them, at JOHN M. HOLBROOK'S,
40 Whitehall street,
mar16—d1w Atlanta, Ga.

RIBBONS, MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS, 1873.

ALSO,

White Goods, Embroideries, Etc., Etc.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS

Bonnet, Trimming, Neck & Sash Ribbons,

Velvet Ribbons, Neck Ties, Bonnet Silks,

SATINS, VELVETS AND CRAPES,

Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, Frames, Etc.

Straw Bonnets, Ladies and Children's Hats,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.

AND IN CONNECTING WAREROOMS

White Goods, Linens, Embroideries, Laces, Nets,

COLLARS, SETTS, HANDKERCHIEFS, VEILING, HEAD NETS, ETC.

Nos. 237 and 239 Baltimore St.
BALTIMORE, MD.

These goods are manufactured by us or bought for Cash directly from the European and American Manufacturers, embracing all the latest novelties, unequalled in variety and cheapness in any market.

Orders filled with care, promptness and dispatch.
feb. 25-deod-3w

GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families. Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.
june9-dtf W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

THE COUCHE HOUSE,

KINGSTON, GEORGIA,
T. R. COUCHE..................Proprietor.

THE Proprietor of this establishment would respectfully inform the traveling public that his large and spacious Hotel is now finished and ready for the reception of visitors. His rooms are all large and comfortable, and are now being furnished with new furniture throughout, and he would say to the public that nothing will be left undone to make them comfortable. He pledges himself that the table will be supplied with the very best the market affords. The excellent climate and delightful water of this section of Georgia, is rapidly making Kingston to the attention of our low country friends.
mar16—dtf

Hammett House,

JONESBORO..................GEORGIA.

[illegible]
aug23— jan15—dtf

1873. WILLIAM RICH & CO.,

15 Decatur Street, Opposite Kimball House,

JOBBERS OF

Notions, Fancy Goods, Millinery, &c.

Have now on sale the HANDSOMEST STOCK FOR SPRING TRADE ever shown.

NOVELTIES OPENING DAILY.

With LARGELY INCREASED FACILITIES we are enabled to extend SUPERIOR inducements, particularly to CASH BUYERS.

MERCHANTS visiting the city should SEE AND PRICE OUR GOODS before purchasing.

WILLIAM RICH & CO.
mar16—d&wtw

Catalogues on application.

mar21—dtf

PETER LYNCH

92 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia,

WHOLESALE. AND RETAIL GROCER,

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Liquors, Wines, Cider, Cigars, Tobacco, Glassware,

CROCKERY, PROVISIONS, COUNTRY PRODUCE, Etc.

Gibson's fine Whiskies made a specialty in the Liquor line.

JUST RECIVED THREE BARRELS SILVER-SKIN ONION SETS, which will be sold low.

Orders solicited. TERMS CASH. jan. 24—d6m

ESTEY ORGANS,

$60. $80, $100, $125, &c.

Sheet Music,

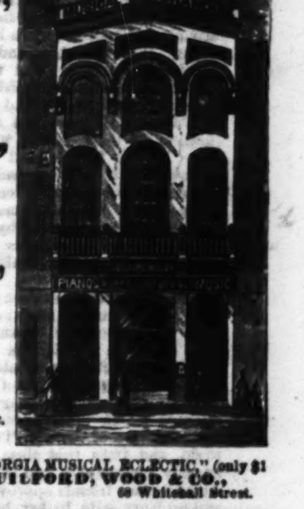
LARGEST CATALOGUES IN THE SOUTH.

SMALL INSTRUMENTS,

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM EUROPE.

PIANOS,

At all Prices and of all Makes—$265, $290, $300, &c.



Send for Catalogues, Price Lists and specimen copy of "GEORGIA MUSICAL ECLECTIC," (only $1 per annum) to GUILFORD, WOOD & CO.,
mar16—d.f-sun-tues&fri 66 Whitehall Street.

J. W. & J. R. HIGHTOWER,

SUCCESSORS TO

LEE & HIGHTWER,

DEALERS IN

HORSES AND MULES.

Opposite Passenger Depot.

GRIFFIN, - - - - - - - - - - GEORGIA

PROPOSE to continue the Livery and stock business in Griffin, at the old stand, near the passenger depot. They propose to keep in the Livery line as fine and fancy stock, and as superb and elegant vehicles as the country affords, and will be pleased to serve their friends and the public at all times, and by giving their personal attention to their customers, guaranty satisfaction.

Will keep always on hand stock for sale. Drovers can secure good accommodation—our lots being large and secure. Nov6-tf

D. C. SEYMOUR, of Ga. W. H. POPE, of Tenn.

D. C. SEYMOUR & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers and Commission Merchants,

AND

Dealers in all Kinds of Produce,

No. 83 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Orders and Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly. mar14 dtf

THE

H. I. KIMBALL HOUSE.

ATLANTA, GA., March 12, 1873.

Board, per Day, - - -	$4 00
Board, per Day, 3d Floor - -	3 50
Board, per Day, 4th Floor - -	3 00
Board, per Day, above 4th Floor -	2 50

Top Floors elegantly furnished—same as the floors below.

No charge on Baggage carried to or from the House. Baggage checked in the House to all important Points.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT on First Floors to Commercial Travelers.

I have graded my floors as above to suit Country Merchants and the Traveling Public generally.

By the first of April I will have my new Boilers in and will run the Elevator from 6 A. M. to 12 P. M., making the top floors as accessible as the first.

Neither trouble nor expense shall be spared to make the Table EQUAL the Best Hotel in the South.

W. M. NICHOLLS,
mar14-d1mo(inside) Proprietor.

THE "GENUINE"

"COAL CREEK COAL!"

J. M. BORN, Jr. & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers.

KEEP constantly on hand at their Coal Yards, No. 4 on Marietta street, second door above the Capitol and Post Office, and No. 8 on the

Corner Alabama and Loyd Sts.

Opposite O H Jones, Esq., and Georgia Railroad Depot, the best "Coal Creek Lump" and Anthracite Coal. The new office and yard on the last named streets, we have found necessary to open within the last few days for the accommodation of our friends and the public in the eastern and southern part of the city, where they may at all times find our pleasant and accommodating little "JOE CORRIGAN" to wait upon them.

Call at either office, and we will sell you

GOOD COAL

AT FAIR PRICES, for grates or manufacturing.
jan5—d6m

CHOICE HOTEL,

Corner Broad and Bridge Streets.

ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city.

Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.

Lewis A. Camp, Clerk. dec4-tf

Sims House,

LA GRANGE, GEORGIA,

THOMAS W. McGEE...........Proprietor.

THIS House is undergoing the most thorough repairs and will be kept in the best style. [illegible]
jan18—dtf

Citizens Bank of Georgia.

Authorized Capital $1,000,000

BANKING ROOM,

REPUBLIC BLOCK, Atlanta.

DOES a General Banking Business of DISCOUNT AND DEPOSITS, Buys and sells Exchange, and makes Collections on all parts of the country.

JOHN T. GRANT, President.

PERINO BROWN, Cashier. jan1—dtf

INKS SOUTHWARK CO.'S English Writing Ink writes Black and never fades. Sole Agents for the United States SCHENCK TAG CO., 55 Beekman Street, New York. mar. 7-dif

Spring and Summer Clothing, 1873.

M. N. ROGERS & Co.,

Manufacturers and Jobbers OF Men's, Youths' & Boys' Clothing,

444 and 446 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

WE OFFER TO THE SOUTHERN TRADE this season, a very LARGE and ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING, on liberal terms, and at prices guaranteed as low as any house in the trade furnishing equal grades of goods.

Our Stock is manufactured EXCLUSIVELY for the Southern States. Southern Dealers are more certain to find the style of our Goods, and a line of Sizes, better adapted to their wants than is possible in a stock of Clothing manufactured for a Northern or Western trade.

MR. W. T. BURGE, formerly Marshall & Burge, Charleston, S. C., has connected himself with our House.

ORDERS SOLICITED. Satisfaction guaranteed. Samples sent on application.
feb6-d2mos M. N. ROGERS & CO.

"DOMESTIC."

BEST. WHY?

Least difficulty in learning it.
Least skill required to use it.
Least labor to work it.
Least care to keep it in order.
Least trouble to change it.
Least changing required.
Does fine work equal to any other.
Does heavier work than others.
Does heavy work easily.
Does everything well.
Does nothing ill or grudgingly.
Gives satisfaction.
Exceeds expectation.
Justifies the praise it, everywhere receives.
Owners of other machines are anxious to exchange for it.

We have a large number of the late improved Howe, Singer and Wheeler & Wilson machines we have taken in exchange at a nominal price, for sale VERY CHEAP.

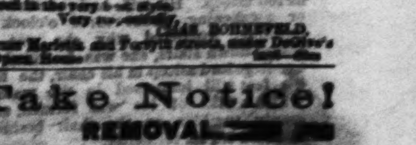
Agents wanted.

Domestic Sewing Machine Company,
No. 4 DeGive's Opera House,
jan17-dtf Atlanta, Georgia.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING entirely withdrawn from the Furniture Business, I beg to announce to my old patrons and to the public generally, that I will from henceforth devote my time more particularly to the sale of all names and grades of

Co FINS & METALLIC BURIAL CASES,



and to the business of

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER.

I have, also, connected with my Coffin Wareroom, a

A FURNITURE REPAIR SHOP,

in which all kinds of Furniture will be promptly repaired in the very best style.

Very respectfully,

CHAS. BOHNEFELD,

Corner Marietta and Forsyth streets, under DeGive's Opera House. jan1—dtf

Take Notice!

REMOVAL

AFTER October 1st, I will remove to No. 5 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I will be able to see all my old customers and many new ones.

[illegible]

MARK W. JOHNSON,
DeGive's Opera House Block.
[illegible]

... Domestic Re...
...the Famous Author.

[From the Golden Age.]

The story of Marian Evans' life has been variously told. Perhaps this is the most authentic version of what has never been authoritatively told by the actors in it:

Mr. Lewes, the distinguished and clever biographer of Goethe, and a well-known author of the philosophical works, had been unfortunate in his marriage relations; so too had Mrs. Lewes; they were a most ill-assorted pair, and she took off the bond which galled her, and became unfaithful to her marriage vow.

But Mr. Lewes himself was equally guilty of his infidelity to his wife, and the law of England does this equal justice to man and woman, viz: it absolves neither from a marriage bond on account of the infidelity of the other, unless the one who asks freedom can claim to have been faithful to his or her own vow.

The marriage tie between this disloyal husband and wife was broken in fact, but not in law. They had long lived separate lives when Mr. Lewes met and learned to love Miss Evans.

Miss Evans was a woman of singularly unattractive person. No photograph of her is to be found anywhere, and she shrinks from contact with strangers, for she is painfully conscious of her own lack of personal charm. It was her mind and her heart which won Mr. Lewes' love, and the nobility and purity of this most pure spirit lifted that love into a reverence that he had never before felt for woman. His love was returned, and the question of their future was discussed by these loving friends and friendly lovers. They asked the advice and counsel of the wisest and best of their friends in this emergency, and at last, after much thought and discussion, it was decided by themselves and their counsellors that, this being an exceptional case, it must be dealt with in an exceptional manner.

A legal marriage between them was impossible, but since the affection which united them was no youthful passion, but the stable bond of a love founded on mutual congeniality and respect, they would be justified in uniting their lives outside of the law, if they were strong enough to bear the social consequences which must naturally follow from the infraction of the law. This they resolved to do, and from that time they have lived happily, contentedly and hopefully together. All their best friends approve of their course, and no truer wife to her husband, no more tender mother to his children, for she has none of her own, is to be found in England, than this brave and true woman.

Of course in a society so rigid as is that of England in the outward observances of the moralities—though it is whispered that under a decorous regard to the conventionalities plenty of indecorous acts are committed and winked at—such a course as that of Mr. and Mrs. Lewes puts them outside of general social recognition. Mrs. Lewes never visits the house of other people; she receives only her especial friends at her own. Since she has achieved fame, she might be received by many ladies who, before this, would have refused her entre to their homes, but she neither desires nor will accept their proffered recognition. She did not overstep the conventional laws of society without due consideration; she knew the price she must pay for a happy home and satisfied heart, and she is content to pay it, nor does she find it too high. It is a perilous experiment and one that no woman, unless she be as strong, as brave, and as pure, and as sure of holding her lover as Miss Evans, would do well to repeat.

The Late Lord Lytton.

He worked with a heroic energy when his heart was in his subject, and he never worked negligently. We have seen him at his house, when he seemed to be doing nothing, turn out in a morning a mass of elaborate letters and manuscript that the most active man of business could not have accomplished. Those who were associated with him in the Colonial Office will, we think, fully bear us out in what we say of the power and precision of his work. In matters of business he was most satisfactory. He understood at once what was meant, and there never was any of the irritation that so often arises from misconception.

It was astonishing to see him during the composition of some great work descend from the height to which his imagination had borne him, and deal at once with complicated transactions as easily as if he had been bred and lived as a man of business only. In counsel he was singularly wise, and about the best man to advise with that we ever encountered. There are many persons, and, among others, some of our leading statesmen, who, we are sure, will confirm the opinion. It is needless to say of one in his high position that he was beset with applications for advice and assistance.

Many of our most eminent men of letters have been distinguished for the generosity with which they would give on such occasions sympathy and aid; but it is impossible that the warm and honest feeling which inspires the wish to give true help to less gifted or less fortunate brethren can ever have glowed more unfailingly in any heart than in Lord Lytton's. The readers of these words who know how true this is must be very numerous. Apart from his novels, essays and poetry, Lord Lytton had the great merit of having written the only dramas which, during the last thirty years, have fairly kept the stage.

If we put together all his different attributes as an author, we can scarcely fail to consider him as a giant in literature, in whose productions it is difficult to say whether we should most admire the excellence for the versatility. Let us add to this character the observation how rare it is to find these qualities combined with the political sagacity, the oratorical power, and the practical good sense which distinguished him as a statesman.—*Blackwood's Magazine.*

☞ A recent medical writer says: "Sleep whenever you can; in the cars—anywhere when you get a chance—the great want of the age is sleep. This is not always safe advice to follow, as a Lawrence gentleman knows to his sorrow. He was recently afflicted with a bad cold, and to cure himself of it resorted to the method of bathing his feet in warm water, and drinking a tumbler full of gin and molasses, prescribed by an aged and respected friend of the family. Having got everything in order for carrying out the prescription, he sat down by the stove, his pedal extremities immersed in warm water, a tumbler of smoking gin and molasses by his side. In this condition a sense of enjoyment stole over him as he sipped the exhilarating liquid, and he fell asleep. His wife had gone to bed, and on awakening, about three o'clock in the morning, wondered why she was alone. Going down stairs, she was horrified to find her liege lord asleep in his chair, the fire out, his feet still immersed in the water, over which a cake of ice was formed, and an empty tumbler on the chair beside him. His cold isn't a bit better.

☞ An Indianapolis woman lately gave birth to a child during her husband's absence, and just before his return, "the neighbors" borrowed two other babies, and placed them in bed with the little stranger. When the father asked to see his child the coverlid was turned down, and, although he must have been immensely surprised, he coolly turned to his wife and asked, "Did any get away?"

...him in ...

...posed to Calomel, ...MMONS' LIVER ...able Remedy, and ...t it has exceeded ...cases of Dyspepsia ...that were thought ...ENVILLE WOOD, Wood's Factory, ...Macon, Ga.

...ON DRESS PARADE the ...be scrupulously clean and ...h. Keep them in this con... incomparable SOZODONT. ...are veterans in the service ...e as "good as new."

...AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS—...from irritation of the throat and ...will be agreeably surprised at the ...ediate relief afforded by the use ...'s Bronchial Troches." ...dtus-the-sat

...OTHER STEP IN SCIENCE.—Dr. Tutt's ...air Dye is the wonder of the age. It supplies a want long felt. Easily applied and harmless. mar18-d1w

LUXURY, Health, Economy insured by using Dooley's Yeast Powder. Elegant Light Rolls, Biscuits, etc., prepared in ten minutes. Try it. mar18-deod1w

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York.
oct3—d1y

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC CANDY embraces in a great degree all the principles of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, and while as pleasant to the palate as the purest of confections, its medicinal properties render it effectual in coughs, colds, bronchial and catarrhal affections, etc. It is the most acceptable remedy for children or infants, and can be given with impunity; while for professional gentlemen, or those who suffer from loss of voice, it is indispensable.

These candies are put up in 25 cent boxes, convenient for the pocket, and are for sale by all druggists and dealers.
J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets,
Philadelphia.
feb26— dec25–deod1y

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

LAWYERS.

EMORY SPEER, Lawyer, Athens, Georgia.—As Solicitor General, will attend the Courts of Clarke, Jackson, Walton, Gwinnett, Hall, Banks, Franklin, Habersham, White, Rabun, and give attention to collections and other claims. mar16—d1y

Z. D. HARRISON, Attorney at Law, will practice in the Superior Court of Fulton county, the Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States District Court, at Atlanta. Office, No. 33, Capitol building. mar. 9-d1y

THOMAS W. LATHAM, Attorney at Law, Fairburn, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Campbell, Coweta, Douglas, and Fayette, in the United States District, and Supreme Court of the State. Special attention given to collections. jan5–d3m

HENRY JACKSON, MARSHALL J. CLARKE.
Supreme Court Reporter.
JACKSON & CLARKE, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Atlanta, practice in the United States Courts for the State of Georgia, the Supreme Court of the State, Superior Courts of the Atlanta Circuit, and elsewhere by special contract. Office Alabama street. jan1-d1m

JESSE S. THRASHER, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Norcross, Ga., will give strict attention to all business intrusted to his care. Remittances promptly made. dec19 d12

E. G. SIMMONS, Attorney at Law, Thomaston, Georgia. nov10—d12m

JAMES C. BARTON, Attorney and Counselor at Law and Real Estate Agent, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Superior and Supreme Courts of Georgia. Office first door east of Court House Building, Decatur street.
☞ Special attention given to Collections.
apr18—d1y

FRANK S. LOFTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Franklin, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Carroll, Coweta, Douglas, Fayette, Heard, Merriwether and Troup, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. may15—d1y

J. A. ...ST, Attorney at Law, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties comprising the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. apl27–1y

ALVAN D. FREEMAN, NEWNAN, GEORGIA. Attorney at Law, will practice in the several Courts—State and Federal. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted. apr17—d1y

RICHARD LESUEUR. WARREN C. WINSLOW.
LESUEUR & WINSLOW, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Collections in Southwest Georgia a specialty. Real Estate Agents. july21—d1y

JAS. A. HARLEY, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Hancock, Elbert, Glasscock, Hart, Lincoln, Madison, Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr18–d1y

PETER FRANCISCO SMITH, ATTORNEY AT Law, Newnan, Georgia, will practice in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta, and in the Superior Courts of the State. Extra charges will be made for the transaction of business at points not accessible by rail. Will attend punctually to the collections of claims and all cases of Homestead and Bankruptcy, and all business connected with the administration of estates. Will also represent parties by special contract before the Court of Claims, Washington, D. C. march31—d1y

JOHN D. POPE, (late of Atlanta, Georgia,) Attorney at Law, Sherman, Texas, will practice in the State and Federal Courts of Northern Texas.
Persons owning, or desiring to purchase, lands in Texas, are respectfully informed that I have in my office a prompt and reliable Real Estate Agent. jan11—d&w3m

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. B. MITCHELL, Wholesale Grain and Produce Dealer, Jasper, Tenn. Orders promptly filled. nov23—d3mos.

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.—WM. W. SHARP Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music. Rooms—in the Grant Building, corner Broad and Marietta streets. Terms—$8 per month (10 lessons, one hour each. He also instructs BRASS BANDS, and arranges Music for them. sep5—d1y

DAN McDUFFIE & BRO., PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL Plasterers. Orders promptly attended to. Office at Simmons & Hunt's store, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. apr18—dtf

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall street Atlanta, Georgia. jan7-dtf

THE TRAMMELL HOUSE,
GAINESVILLE, GA.,
J. G. TRAMMELL & SON,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their new brick hotel, situated within one hundred yards of the Air-Line Depot, and the hundred yards of several fine Mineral Springs, two or three, is now open for their accommodation, at charges as low as the times will admit of.

Parties in quest of Health or Pleasure will find both at this House, where every attention will be given to their comfort and furtherance of their object.

A good Livery Stable is convenient to the House, where any description of vehicle can be procured, with good teams and careful drivers. apr23–dtf

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER

Has long been regarded as the best and cheapest Baking Powder in use. Perfectly pure and healthy. It makes, at short notice, delicious Biscuits, Rolls, &c. There need be no waste of food prepared with it, as it is always of the best quality. We would say to those who have never used it that a very few trials will enable them to use it, not only with entire satisfaction, but with economy.

Put up FULL, NET weight, as represented. Grocers and Dealers sell it.
DOOLEY & BROTHER, Prop's,
69 New Street,
NEW YORK CITY.
mar4—deod3mo

Guano. Guano.

2,000 tons Reese & Co's Soluble Pacific Guano
500 tons Chesapeake Guano
500 tons Patapsco Guano
100 tons Acid Phosphate, for composting with Cotton Seed
100 tons Virginia Land Plaster
50 tons Cotton Food Guano.
We will sell the above on time upon reasonable terms.
ADAIR & BROS., Agents.
Atlanta, Ga.
feb13-d1mo

THE
ST. JAMES HOTEL,
FRONTING ST. JAMES PARK,
Jacksonville, Florida.
Open from November to May. Transient board $4 00 per day.

THE EQUINOX HOUSE,
FOOT OF MOUNT EQUINOX,
Manchester, Vermont.
Open from June to October. Address by mail or telegraph, F. H. ORVIS, at Jacksonville, from October 20 to April 20, at Manchester, from April 20 to October 20. mar1-1mo.

SOUTHERN
TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta Works, such as Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornice, such as Brackets, Medallion, and everything in the Architectural line. Also, Chimney Tops, Vases, Flower Pots, Statuary, etc., etc. Also Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPE

from 3 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.
may31—d1y PELLEGRINI & GIORGI.

DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS,

WOOD MOULDINGS, STAIR RAILS, NEWELS, AND ALL KINDS OF FANCY GLASS.
LARGE STOCK. LOWEST RATES.
ORDER WORK SOLICITED.
SEND FOR ESTIMATE AND PRICE LISTS.
KEOGH & THORNE,
254 AND 256 CANAL STREET,
NEW YORK CITY.
nov26–d1yr

CAT TAIL MILLET.

THE GREAT GREEN FORAGE PLANT,
For Sale by
Mark W. Johnson,
Seedman, Atlanta, Georgia.
☞ Sunflower Seed wanted. mar. 9-d1w

GRANDEST SCHEME OF THE AGE.

$500,000
CASH GIFTS.
$100,000 FOR ONLY $10

Under authority of special legislative act of March 16, 1871, the trustees now announce the **Third Grand Gift Concert**, for the benefit of the PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY, to come off in Library Hall at Louisville, Ky., on

Tuesday, April 8, 1873

At this concert the best musical talent that can be procured from all parts of the country will add pleasure to the entertainment, and TEN THOUSAND CASH GIFTS, aggregating a vast total of HALF A MILLION DOLLARS currency will be distributed by lot to the ticket-holders, as follows:

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
" " "		50,000
" " "		25,000
" " "		20,000
" " "		10,000
" " "		5,000
24 Cash Gifts of $1,000 each		24,000
50 " " "	500 "	25,000
80 " " "	400 "	32,000
100 " " "	300 "	30,000
150 " " "	200 "	30,000
590 " " "	100 "	59,000
9,000 " " "	10 "	90,000
Total, 10,000 Gifts all Cash		$500,000

To provide means for this magnificent concert, ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND TICKETS only, will be issued, a large portion of which are already sold.

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $10, halves $5, and quarters $2.50. Eleven whole tickets for $100. No discount on less than $100 orders. Nothing could be more appropriate for presents than tickets to this BANQUET OF WEALTH, or more likely to produce grander satisfactory results. The object of this THIRD GIFT CONCERT is the enlargement and endowment of the PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY, which by the special act authorizing the Concert for its benefit, is to be forever free to all citizens of every State. This Concert will be conducted like the first and second heretofore given, and full particulars of the mode of drawing the gifts and paying them, and everything necessary to a thorough understanding of the scheme, from beginning to end, are now published in the form of a circular, which will be furnished free of cost to any who apply. The entire management of this undertaking has been committed by the trustees to Hon. Thos. E. Bramlette, late Governor of Kentucky, to whom all communications, pertaining to the Gift Concert, should be addressed.
R. T. DURRETT, Pres't.
JOHN S. CAIN, Sec. Public Library of Kentucky.
FARMERS & DROVER'S BANK, Treasurer.

As the time for the Concert is close at hand, (April 8th,) parties wanting tickets should send in their orders IMMEDIATELY if they would avoid the rush and delay absolutely unavoidable in the few days preceding the Drawing. All orders and applications for agencies, circulars and information will meet with prompt attention.
THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Louisville, Ky,
Agent Public Library Ky.
PHILLIPS & CREW, REDWINE & FOX, } Agents, Atlanta, Ga.
H. M. HAMMET, Agent, Marietta, Ga.
jan15-dtf&weow-apr15

Jackson's Magic Balsam.

THE GREAT MASTER OF PAIN. WILL cure Toothache in one minute, Headache in five minutes, Earache in twenty minutes, and Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Sore Throat.
P. VAN ALSTINE, Proprietor.
Barnesville, Ga.
Sold by all druggists. feb24-d1y.

1873.
WM. J. LAND,
ANALYTICAL CHEMIST,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

LAND'S CHEMICAL LABORATORY has been thoroughly refitted with improved apparatus just received from Berlin. Special attention given to the ANALYSIS or ASSAY of Ores, Metals, Mineral Waters, Soils, Fertilizers, Coals, Rocks, Chemical Salts, Liquors, Burning Oils, Poisons, Medicines, etc.

A card of charges for analysis mailed gratis to applicants. No charges for consultation.
WM. J. LAND,
dec31–d3m P. O. Box 365.

ARCHITECTURE.

Parkins & Allen, Architects.

WILL make Plans, Specifications, and Detail Drawings for Buildings of all descriptions. Office in Republic Block, opposite the Kimball House. jan8 d1y

TWO DAILY CONNECTIONS
BY THE
Blue Mountain Route.
VIA
Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad and its Connections.

PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 4:05 P train of Western and Atlantic Railroad arrive at Rome at 10 P M., making close connection with

The Mail Train

of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving
Selma at ... 5 30
and making close connections with train of Alabama Central Railroad, arriving at
Meridian ... 4 45 P M
Jackson ... 12 00 night
Vicksburg ... 5 35 A M
Also, make close connection at CALERA with trains of South and North Alabama Railroad, arriving at
Montgomery ... 3 35 A M
Mobile ... 7 35 P M
New Orleans ... 1 50 A M

The Road has been recently equipped and its equipment is not surpassed by any in the South for strength and beauty of finish.
☞ No change of cars between Rome and Selma.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS
run through from ROME VIA SELMA to VICKSBURG without change.

No Delay at Terminal Points.

Passengers leaving Atlanta by 6 30 A M train of W. & A. R. R., make close connections at Rome with

FAST EXPRESS TRAIN

of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at Selma at 10 30 P M.
Fare as low as by any other Route.
☞ Purchase Tickets via Kingston at the General Ticket Office. JOHN B. PECK,
General Passenger Agent, Selma, Ala.
E. G. BARNEY,
General Superintendent.
BEAU CAMPBELL, Local Agent.
june5—dtf No. 4 Kimball House.

J. A. JOHNSON. R. J. McCAMY.
Johnson & McCamy,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Dalton, - - - Georgia.
Office in King Building, Up Stairs.
jan23-dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RATIONAL TREATMENT of Kidney, Urinary, and Liver diseases is effected by Hamilton's Buchu & Dandelion. It acts directly on these organs, enabling them to remove these wastes in the blood, which cause Gravel, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Scrofula, &c.
W. C. HAMILTON & CO.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

12 SAMPLES sent by mail for 50c, that retail quick for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham-sq, N.Y.

EMployment, $100 per week. Agents & others to sell a new article, indispensable to merch'ts & manf'rs. Add, with stamp, E B Smith & Co 95 Liberty-st, N. Y.

3 copies of the STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL, 160 pages, and 3 packages of new Farm Seeds free, by enclosing 2 stamps. Address,
N. P. BOYER & CO., Parkesburg, Pa.

WANTED. IF YOU WISH TO BUY A SEWING MACHINE for family use, or act as agent, address WASHINGTON SEWING MACHINE CO., Boston Mass.

MONEY Easily made with our Stencil and Key-Check Outfit. ☞ Circulars free, Stafford Manufacturing Company, 66 Fulton street, New York.

AGENTS! A RARE CHANCE!! We will pay all agents $40 per week in cash, who will engage with us at once. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address,
A. COULTER & CO., Charlotte, Mich.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION

of manufacturers who have become disgusted with the odors of Paraffine Oils and their ill effects upon machines, is invited to
E. H. Kellogg's **Sperm** Engine Oil..at $1 20 per gal
E. H. Kellogg's **Sperm** Spindle Oil..at $1 15 per gal
E. H. Kellogg's **Tallow** Engine Oil..at $1 10 per gal
E. H. Kellogg's **Tallow** Spindle Oil..at $1 50 per gal
Manufactured only by
E. H. KELLOGG, No. 17 Cedar-st., New York.

DON'T

Be Deceived, but for coughs, colds, sore throat, hoarseness and bronchial difficulties, use only WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

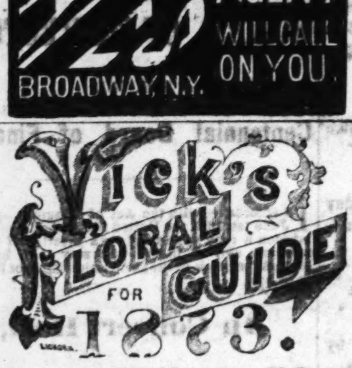
Worthless imitations are on the market, but the only Scientific preparation of Carbolic Acid for Lung diseases is when chemically combined with other well known remedies, as these TABLETS, and all parties are cautioned against using any other.

In all cases of irritation of the mucous membrane these Tablets should be freely used, their cleansing and healing properties are astonishing.

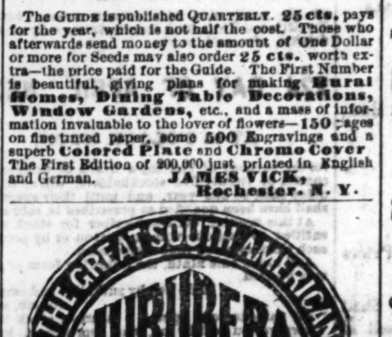
Be warned, never neglect a cold, it is easily cured in its incipient state, when it becomes chronic the cure is exceedingly difficult, use Wells' Carbolic as a specific.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St.,
Sole Agents for United States.
Price 25 cents a box. Send for Circular.

The immense sale, **10,000 In One Month** on
LIVINGSTONE 28 yrs in AFRICA
is having, **PROVES** it above all other, the book the **MASSES WANT.** It goes like **WILDFIRE.** Over **600** pages, only $2.50. MORE AGENTS WANTED.

Notice.—Be not deceived by misrepresentations made to palm off high-priced inferior works, but send for circulars and see PROOF of statements and great success of our agents. Pocket companion, worth $10, mailed free. HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 723 Sansom street, Philadelphia.



The GUIDE is published QUARTERLY. **25 cts.** pays for the year, which is not half the cost. Those who afterwards send money to the amount of One Dollar or more for Seeds may also order **25 cts.** worth extra—the price paid for the Guide. The First Number is beautiful, giving plans for making **Rural Homes, Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens,** etc., and a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers—**150** pages on fine tinted paper, some **500** Engravings and a superb **Colored Plate** and **Chromo Cover.** The First Edition of 200,000 just printed in English and German.
JAMES VICK,
Rochester, N. Y.



is unequaled by any known remedy. It will eradicate, extirpate and thoroughly destroy all poisonous substances in the Blood and will effectually dispel all predisposition to bilious derangement.

Is there want of action in your Liver and Spleen? Unless relieved at once the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, etc.

Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the blood, dropsical tendency, general weakness and inertia.

Have you a weakness of the Intestines? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhoea or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.

Have you weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You are exposed to suffering in its most aggravated form.

Are you dejected, drowsy, dull, sluggish or depressed in spirits, with head ache, back ache, coated tongue and bad tasting mouth?

For a certain remedy for all of these diseases, weaknesses and troubles; for cleansing and purifying the vitiated blood and imparting vigor to all the vital forces; for building up and restoring the weakened constitution USE

JURUBEBA,

which is pronounced by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris "the most powerful tonic and alterative known to the medical world." This is no new and untried discovery but has been long used by the leading physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

Don't weaken or impair the digestive organs by cathartics and physics, they give only temporary relief—indigestion, flatulency and dyspepsia with piles and kindred diseases are sure to follow their use.

Keep the blood pure and health is assured.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., New York,
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price, One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.

A MAN OF A THOUSAND.
A CONSUMPTIVE CURED

DR. H. JAMES, a retired physician, (and by nature a chemist,) discovered while in the East Indies a certain cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS and GENERAL DEBILITY, when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. Desirous of benefiting humanity, he will send the recipe, containing full directions for making this remedy, free on receipt of 2 stamps to pay expenses. There is not a single symptom of CONSUMPTION that it does not at once take hold of and dissipate—Night Sweats, Peevishness, Irritation of the Nerves, Failure of Memory, Difficult Expectoration, Sharp Pains in the Lungs, Sore Throat, Chilly Sensations, Nausea at the Stomach, Inaction of the Bowels, and Wasting Away of the Muscles. Address,
CRADDOCK & CO.,
1032 Race-st., Philadelphia, Pa.
feb6– feb16-d&wtf

AIR LINE RAIL ROAD.

Mt. Airy Depot, 7 Miles from Clarkesville, on South Half of Lot 174, 10th District, Habersham County, Ga.

Town Lots 50 by 100 feet, at private sale. Apply to E. W. HOLLAND, of Atlanta.

THIS IS THE HIGHEST ALTITUDE ON THE Air-Line Railroad, being 1,620 feet above the level of the sea. (Atlanta 1,050.) For pure air, good water and good health, cannot be surpassed in upper Georgia.
feb8-d3m. ED. W. HOLLAND.

GUANOS.
PHŒNIX GUANO.
Wilcox, Gibbs & Co.'s Manipulated Guano.

THESE celebrated Guanos, imported and prepared by Wilcox, Gibbs & Co., Savannah, Ga., and Charleston, S. C., are for sale for cash or on credit on accommodating terms, payable in cotton, by

Special attention is called to the use of the Phœnix Guano composted with Cotton Seed. Send for ... above for Circulars giving testimonials from planters —prices, terms, etc.
J. A. ANSLEY, Agent,
feb19—deod3w Atlanta, Ga.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS

Georgia Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
Leaves Augusta ... 8.25 o'clock, A. M
Leaves Atlanta ... 8.30 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta ... 6.40 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta ... 5.30 " P. M
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.
Leaves Augusta ... 8.15 " P. M
Leaves Atlanta ... 8.15 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta ... 6.37 " A. M
Arrives at Augusta ... 7.00 " A. M

Accommodation Train.
Leaves Atlanta ... 5 45 P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain ... 6 45 A. M
Arrives Atlanta ... 8 00 A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain ... 7 P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta ... 1:45 A M
Leaves Macon ... 7:35 A M
Arrives at Atlanta ... 1:25 P M
Arrives at Macon ... 7:45 P M
NIGHT PASSENGER AND FREIGHT—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta ... 2:30 P M
Leaves Macon ... 10:00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta ... 6:00 A M
Arrives at Macon ... 8:30 P M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.
Leaves Atlanta ... 8:10 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga ... 3:44 A. M
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.
Leaves Atlanta ... 8:20 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga ... 4:28 P. M
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.
Leaves Chattanooga ... 5:35 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta ... 1:00 A. M
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.
Leaves Chattanooga ... 5:45 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta ... 1:45 P. M
DALTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.
Leaves Atlanta ... 4:30 P. M
Arrives at Dalton ... 2:25 A. M
Leaves Dalton ... 12:00 M N
Arrives in Atlanta ... 9:50 A M

Schedule of Rome Railroad.
MORNING TRAIN.
Leave Rome ... 8 30 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston ... 9:45 A. M.
Leave Kingston ... 11:30 A. M.
Arrive at Rome ... 1:15 A. M.
NIGHT TRAIN.
Leave Rome ... 8:15 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston ... 9:30 P. M.
Leave Kingston ... 12:00 A. M.
Arrive at Rome ... 1:30 A. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.
TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	8:30 A M.	8:10 P M
Arrive Chattanooga	4:28 P M.	3:44 A M
Arrive Nashville	12:45 A M.	1:05 P M
Arrive McKenzie	8:30 A M.	8:30 P M
Arrive Memphis	2:10 P M.	2:25 A M
Arrive Little Rock		6:30 P M
Arrive Union City	10:30 A M.	10:30 P M
Arrive Columbus	12:00 noon.	12:00 m'dt
Arrive St. Louis (via Cairo Short Line)	9:05 P M.	11:20 A M
Arrive St. Louis (via Iron Mountain Railroad)	11:00 P M.	12:50 P M

ALBERT B. WRENN,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.
Leaves Griffin ... 1 00 P M
Arrives at Newnan ... 3 45 P M
Leaves Newnan ... 7 00 A M
Arrives at Griffin ... 9 47 A M
Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)
Leaves Atlanta ... 1 15 A M
Arrives at West-Point ... 5 40 A M
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)
Leaves West Point ... 1 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta ... 6 50 A M
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN (Outward.)
Leaves Atlanta ... 7 00 A. M
Arrives at West-Point ... 11 47 A. M
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN (Inward.)
Leaves West-Point ... 3 25 P M
Arrives at Atlanta ... 7 50 P M

Air-Line Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.
Leave Atlanta ... 6 45 A M
Arrive at End of Track ... 12 16 A M
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.
Leaves End of Track ... 1 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta ... 6 31 P M

GETTYSBURG
KATALYSINE WATER.

IT has been demonstrated by a series of practical experiments conducted by eminent physicians, and attested by thousands of grateful people who have been relieved from their sufferings by its use, that the Gettysburg Katalysine Water is the nearest approach to a specific ever discovered for Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidneys and Urinary Diseases generally. It restores muscular power to the Paralytic. It cures Liver Complaint, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Constipation, Asthma, Catarrh and Bronchitis, Diseases of the Skin, General Debility and Nervous Prostration from Mental and Physical Excesses. It is the Greatest Antidote ever discovered for Excessive Eating and Drinking. It corrects the Stomach, promotes Digestion, and Relieves the Head almost immediately. No household should be without it. Every hotel should keep it on hand. For sale by all Druggists.

☞ For a history of the Springs, for medical reports of the power of the water over diseases, for marvelous cures, and for testimonials from distinguished men, send for pamphlets.
WHITNEY BRO'S, Gen'l Ag'ts,
227 South Front St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Gettysburg Spring Co.
For sale by HEARD, CRAIG & CO., and Druggists generally. jan7–deod3m

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE!

Atlanta and New Orleans
SHORT LINE'
ALL RAIL!

Only one Change of Cars between Atlanta and New Orleans.

ON and after November 24th, 1872, Double Daily Passenger Trains will run on this line as follows:
Leave Atlanta ... 6 50 A. M
Arrive at Montgomery ... 5 25 P. M
Leave Atlanta ... 8 00 P. M
Arrive at Montgomery ... 6 00 A. M
Leave Montgomery ... 8 00 A. M
Arrive at Mobile ... 7 30 A. M
Leave Montgomery ... 8 00 P. M
Arrive at Mobile ... 5 35 P. M
Leave Mobile ... 8 30 A. M
Arrive at New Orleans ... 7 35 P. M
Leave Mobile ... 5 45 P. M
Arrive at New Orleans ... 11 50 P. M

Passengers leaving here at 8 00, P. M., will make close connection at Montgomery for Selma, Vicksburg, Monroe, and all intermediate points.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping cars run through to Mobile, New Orleans, Selma, York, Meridian, Jackson and Vicksburg without change.

Passengers will remember that this route (via West Point) is the shortest, quickest, most reliable and only double daily line from Atlanta to the following points:

Columbus, Ga., Montgomery,
Mobile, Selma, Birmingham,
Tuscaloosa and Eufaula, Ala.,
Meridian, Jackson,
Vicksburg, Miss.,
New Orleans, Shreveport and Monroe
Louisiana, Jefferson, Galveston,
and all points in TEXAS, Northern and Central Mississippi, Alabama and Arkansas.

By this line you save time and distance, being

46 Miles Shorter
to Selma and all points west of Selma, and

101 Miles Shorter
to MONTGOMERY, MOBILE, NEW ORLEANS and all points in Texas, Northern and Central Mississippi and Arkansas, than via Blue Mountain, or Selma Rome and Dalton route,

296 Miles Shorter
to New Orleans and Galveston than by Chattanooga, Corinth and Grand Junction, or Memphis and Charleston Railroad route.

365 Miles Shorter
to Shreveport, Jefferson, and all points on Red River than by Chattanooga and Memphis, AVOIDING 614 MILES STEAM BOATING OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER, and an indefinite delay on wharf boat at the mouth of Red River.

EMIGRANTS

Are particularly requested to notice the many advantages of this line over all others. No discrimination made in care or time on account of being Emigrants.

When emigrating in large parties special cars will be furnished for baggage and carried through to New Orleans, Jackson and Vicksburg, without transfer.

The recent completion of the magnificent bridges over Tensas and Mobile Rivers form an unbroken all rail connection between Atlanta and New Orleans.

No Boating, nor Omnibus fare charged on the line. Passengers are cautioned against representations to the contrary.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains.

This route is not the shortest, but most comfortable and best winter route to
Memphis, Tenn.,
Little Rock, Ark.,
Granada, Chalona
and Corinth, Miss.

Through tickets on sale at the General Ticket Office in Union Passenger Depot to all points above named.

Fare always as low as by any other route. Be checked through as all through points.

Be sure and ask for tickets via West Point & Montgomery.
L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent Atlanta and West Point Railroad.
G. J. FOREACRE,
Superintendent Western Railroad of Alabama.
G. JORDAN,
Gen'l Sup't Mobile and Montgomery Railroad.
W. J. HOUSTON,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Georgia Railroad Depot, up stairs.
july9—ewtf—dec18—

THE MAJORS HOUSE,
BY E. MAJORS,
TRENTON ... GEORGIA.
[illegible]

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!

VIA
ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this R. are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta TO Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York BY Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA TO NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—dtf

SOUTH CAROLINA R. R.

CHARLESTON, December 14, 1872.

ON and after Sunday, 15th instant, the following schedule will be run on the South Carolina Railroad:

Between Charleston and Augusta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
Leave Charleston ... 9:30 A M
Arrives at Augusta ... 5:20 P M
Leaves Augusta ... 8:00 A M
Arrives at Charleston ... 4:45 P M
NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.
Leaves Charleston ... 8:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta ... 7:35 A M
Leaves Augusta ... 6:15 P M
Arrives at Charleston ... 5:50 A M

Between Charleston and Columbia

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
Leaves Augusta ... 9:00 A M
Arrives at Columbia ... 5:20 P M
Leaves Columbia ... 9:00 A M
Arrives at Augusta ... 5:20 P M
NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.
Leaves Augusta ... 6:15 P M
Arrives at Columbia ... 6:30 A M
Leaves Columbia ... 7:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta ... 7:35 A M

Day and night trains connect at Augusta with the Georgia Railroad and Central Railroad.

Night train connects with Macon and Augusta Railroad.

Night train out of Augusta makes close connection at Columbia with Greenville and Columbia Railroad. Passengers for points on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad will avoid a tedious delay at night in Columbia, by taking this route.

Elegant new sleeping cars on night trains between Augusta and Charleston.
S. B. PICKENS, General Ticket Agent.
jan8-tf

David McBride
SUCCESSOR TO
McBRIDE & SMITH,
MANUFACTURER OF
FINE CARRIAGES!
PHAETONS,
ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES

Repairing Promptly and Neatly Executed.
DAVID McBRIDE,
35 Decatur Street
sep22–d6m—dec19-d3m

To the Merchants of Atlanta

THE ATLANTIC AND GULF
FREIGHT LINE,
VIA SAVANNAH,

BEG leave to announce to their friends and patrons that their rates and classifications shall always be as low as by competing Lines, and say "Special Circulars" or "Letters" issued by other routes, giving lower rates than at present advertised, will be promptly met by corresponding reductions on the Atlantic and Gulf Freight Line.

Merchants visiting New York will consult their interest by calling on C. D. OWENS, the General Agent of the Line, 229 Broadway, before making Freight engagements elsewhere.
july31—deodtf

AGENTS WANTED.
The Master Spirits of the World,
—AND—
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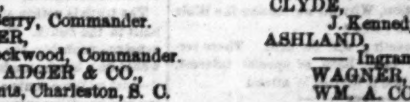

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